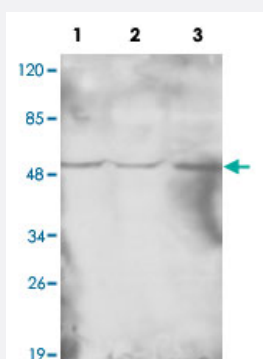


HAT1 monoclonal antibody

Catalog # MAB8748

Size 100 ug

Applications



Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western blot analysis of HAT1 monoclonal antibody (Cat # MAB8748) at 1 : 1000 dilution. Lane 1 : HeLa whole cell lysate 40 ug/Lane. Lane 2 : 293 whole cell lysate 40 ug/Lane. Lane 3 : NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate 40 ug/Lane. Predicted band size : 49 KDa. Observed band size : 49 KDa.

Specification

Product Description	Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against partial recombinant HAT1.
Immunogen	Recombinant protein corresponding to N-terminus residues of human HAT1.
Host	Mouse
Reactivity	Human
Specificity	This antibody is specific to HAT1.
Form	Liquid
Purification	Protein G purification
Concentration	1 mg/mL
Recommend Usage	Western Blot (1:100-1:2000) ELISA (1:5000-1:20000) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS, pH 7.4 (0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol)

Storage Instruction

Store at 4°C for three months. For long term storage store at -20°C.
Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Note

This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

- Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western blot analysis of HAT1 monoclonal antibody (Cat # MAB8748) at 1 : 1000 dilution. Lane 1 : HeLa whole cell lysate 40 ug/Lane. Lane 2 : 293 whole cell lysate 40 ug/Lane. Lane 3 : NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate 40 ug/Lane. Predicted band size : 49 KDa. Observed band size : 49 KDa.

- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay

Gene Info — HAT1

Entrez GeneID[8520](#)**GeneBank Accession#**[NM_003642.3](#)**Gene Name**

HAT1

Gene Alias

KAT1

Gene Description

histone acetyltransferase 1

Omim ID[603053](#)**Gene Ontology**[Hyperlink](#)**Gene Summary**

The protein encoded by this gene is a type B histone acetyltransferase (HAT) that is involved in the rapid acetylation of newly synthesized cytoplasmic histones, which are in turn imported into the nucleus for de novo deposition onto nascent DNA chains. Histone acetylation, particularly of histone H4, plays an important role in replication-dependent chromatin assembly. Specifically, this HAT can acetylate soluble but not nucleosomal histone H4 at lysines 5 and 12, and to a lesser degree, histone H2A at lysine 5. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been identified for this gene. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations

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Disease

- [Asthma](#)