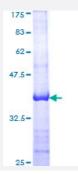


## ACO1 (Human) Recombinant Protein (Q01)

Catalog # H00000048-Q01 Size 25 ug, 10 ug

## **Applications**



Specification	
Product Description	Human ACO1 partial ORF (AAH18103, 780 a.a 889 a.a.) recombinant protein with GST-tag at N-t erminal.
Sequence	RDWAAKGPFLLGIKAVLAESYERIHRSNLVGMGVIPLEYLPGENADALGLTGQERYTIIIPENLKPQM KVQVKLDTGKTFQAVMRFDTDVELTYFLNGGILNYMIRKMAK
Host	Wheat Germ (in vitro)
Theoretical MW (kDa)	37.84
Interspecies Antigen Sequence	Mouse (91)
Preparation Method	in vitro wheat germ expression system
Purification	Glutathione Sepharose 4 Fast Flow
Quality Control Testing	12.5% SDS-PAGE Stained with Coomassie Blue.
Storage Buffer	50 mM Tris-HCI, 10 mM reduced Glutathione, pH=8.0 in the elution buffer.
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	Best use within three months from the date of receipt of this protein.



## **Applications**

- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay
- Western Blot (Recombinant protein)
- Antibody Production
- Protein Array

Gene Info — ACO1	
Entrez GenelD	48
GeneBank Accession#	BC018103
Protein Accession#	AAH18103
Gene Name	ACO1
Gene Alias	ACONS, IREB1, IREBP1, IRP1
Gene Description	aconitase 1, soluble
Omim ID	100880
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	Aconitase 1, also known as iron regulatory element binding protein 1 (IREB1), is a cytosolic protein which binds to iron-responsive elements (IREs). IREs are stem-loop structures found in the 5' UT R of ferritin mRNA, and in the 3' UTR of transferrin receptor mRNA. The iron-induced binding to the IRE results in repression of translation of ferritin mRNA, and inhibition of degradation of the otherwise rapidly degrading transferrin receptor mRNA. Thus, IREB1 plays a central role in cellular iron homeostasis. It was also shown to have aconitase activity, and hence grouped with the aconitase family of enzymes. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000021176 OTTHUMP00000021177 OTTHUMP00000045233 aconitase 1 aconita te hydratase citrate hydro-lyase ferritin repressor protein iron regulatory protein 1 iron-responsive element binding protein 1

## Pathway

Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from histidine and purine



- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from ornithine
- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from shikimate pathway
- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from terpenoid and polyketide
- Biosynthesis of phenylpropanoids
- Biosynthesis of plant hormones
- Biosynthesis of terpenoids and steroids
- Citrate cycle (TCA cycle)
- Glyoxylate and dicarboxylate metabolism
- Metabolic pathways
- Reductive carboxylate cycle (CO2 fixation)