

DNAxPAb

Hard-to-Find
Antibody

NAT1 DNAxPab

Catalog # H00000009-W01P

Size 200 ug

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a full-length human NAT1 DNA using DNAx™ Immune technology.
Technology	DNAx™ Immune
Immunogen	Full-length human DNA
Sequence	MDIEAYLERIGYKKS RNKLDLETLDILQHQIRAVPFENLNIHCGDAMD LGLEAIFDQVVRNRGGW CLQVNHLLYWALTTIGFETTMLGGVYSTPAKKYSTGMIHLLQVTIDGRNYVDAGFGRSYQMWQP LELISGKDQPPQVPCVFRLTEENGFWYLDQIRREQYIPNEEF LHSDLLED SKYRKIYSFTLKPRTIEDF ESMNTYLQTSPSSVFTSKSFCSLQTPDGVHCLVGFTLTHRRFNYKDNTDLIEFKTLSEEEIEKVLK NIFNISLQRKLV PKHGD RFFTI
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Interspecies Antigen Sequence	Mouse (82); Rat (81)
Purification	Protein A
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against mammalian transfected lysate.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

- Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

[Protocol Download](#)

- Immunofluorescence (Transfected cell)
- Flow Cytometry (Transfected cell)

Gene Info — NAT1

Entrez GeneID	9
GeneBank Accession#	NM_000662.4
Protein Accession#	NP_000653.3
Gene Name	NAT1
Gene Alias	AAC1, NATI
Gene Description	N-acetyltransferase 1 (arylamine N-acetyltransferase)
Omim ID	108345
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	This gene is one of two arylamine N-acetyltransferase (NAT) genes in the human genome, and is orthologous to the mouse and rat Nat2 genes. The enzyme encoded by this gene catalyzes the transfer of an acetyl group from acetyl-CoA to various arylamine and hydrazine substrates. This enzyme helps metabolize drugs and other xenobiotics, and functions in folate catabolism. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq]
Other Designations	N-acetyltransferase 1 OTTHUMP00000122488 arylamine acetylase 1 (N-acetyltransferase 1) arylamine N-acetyltransferase 1

Pathway

- [Caffeine metabolism](#)
- [Drug metabolism - other enzymes](#)
- [Metabolic pathways](#)

Disease

- [Abnormalities](#)

- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Adenoma](#)
- [Alcoholism](#)
- [Alzheimer disease](#)
- [Amnesia](#)
- [Asthma](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Cholangiocarcinoma](#)
- [Chromosome Aberrations](#)
- [Cleft Lip](#)
- [Cleft Palate](#)
- [Clubfoot](#)
- [Cognition Disorders](#)
- [Colitis](#)
- [Colon cancer](#)
- [Colonic Neoplasms](#)
- [Colonic Polyps](#)
- [Colorectal Neoplasms](#)
- [Congenital Abnormalities](#)
- [Connective Tissue Diseases](#)
- [Crohn Disease](#)
- [Dermatitis](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Disease Susceptibility](#)

- [DNA Damage](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Endometriosis](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Eye Diseases](#)
- [Fetal Diseases](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Genomic Instability](#)
- [Head and Neck Neoplasms](#)
- [Hepatitis B](#)
- [Hepatitis C](#)
- [Hypersensitivity](#)
- [Infection](#)
- [Inflammation](#)
- [Jaw Abnormalities](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Laryngeal Neoplasms](#)
- [Leukemia](#)
- [Limb Deformities](#)
- [Liver Neoplasms](#)
- [Lung carcinoma](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Lupus Erythematosus](#)
- [Lymphoma](#)
- [Mesothelioma](#)
- [Micronuclei](#)

- [Motor Neuron Disease](#)
- [Multiple Chemical Sensitivity](#)
- [Multiple Myeloma](#)
- [Musculoskeletal Diseases](#)
- [Neoplasm Recurrence](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Neuroblastoma](#)
- [Neuropsychological Tests](#)
- [Ovarian cancer](#)
- [Pancreatic cancer](#)
- [Pancreatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Pleural Neoplasms](#)
- [Pregnancy Complications](#)
- [Premature Birth](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Prostatic Hyperplasia](#)
- [Prostatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Rectal Neoplasms](#)
- [Respiratory Tract Diseases](#)
- [Skin Diseases](#)
- [Spinal Dysraphism](#)
- [Stomach Neoplasms](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)