

RecomAb™

PRKAR2A recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone 15G8

Catalog # RAB07738 Size 100 uL

Applications



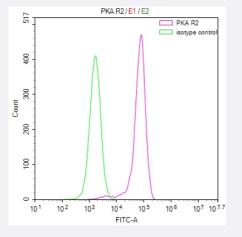
Immunohistochemistry

Immunohistochemistry image of PRKAR2A recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone 15G8 diluted at 1:50 and staining in paraffin-embedded human kidney tissue performed on a Leica BondTM system.

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Immunofluorescence

Immunofluorescence staining of Hela Cells with PRKAR2A recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone 15G8 at 1:5, counter-stained with DAPI.



Flow Cytometry

Overlay Peak curve showing MCF-7 cells stained with PRKAR2A recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone 15G8 (red line) at 1:50.

Specification

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Product Information

Product Description	Rabbit recombinant monoclonal antibody raised against human PRKAR2A.	
Antibody Species	Rabbit	
Immunogen	Original antibody is raised against a synthetic peptide corresponding to human PRKAR2A.	
Reactivity	Human	
Form	Liquid	
Purification	Affinity chromatography purification	
lsotype	lgG	
Recommend Usage	ELISA Flow Cytometry(1:50-1:200) Immunohistochemistry(1:50-1:200) Immunofluorescence(1:20-1:200) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.	
Storage Buffer	In PBS, pH7.4 (150 mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol)	
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.	
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only.	

Applications

Immunohistochemistry

Immunohistochemistry image of PRKAR2A recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone 15G8 diluted at 1:50 and staining in paraffin-embedded human kidney tissue performed on a Leica BondTM system.

Immunofluorescence

Immunofluorescence staining of Hela Cells with PRKAR2A recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone 15G8 at 1:5, counterstained with DAPI.

- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay
- Flow Cytometry

Overlay Peak curve showing MCF-7 cells stained with PRKAR2A recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone 15G8 (red line) at 1:50.

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Product Information

Gene Info — PRKAR2A

Entrez GenelD	<u>5576</u>
Protein Accession#	<u>P13861</u>
Gene Name	PRKAR2A
Gene Alias	MGC3606, PKR2, PRKAR2
Gene Description	protein kinase, cAMP-dependent, regulatory, type II, alpha
Omim ID	<u>176910</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	cAMP is a signaling molecule important for a variety of cellular functions. cAMP exerts its effects by activating the cAMP-dependent protein kinase, which transduces the signal through phosphoryl ation of different target proteins. The inactive kinase holoenzyme is a tetramer composed of two r egulatory and two catalytic subunits. cAMP causes the dissociation of the inactive holoenzyme int o a dimer of regulatory subunits bound to four cAMP and two free monomeric catalytic subunits. F our different regulatory subunits and three catalytic subunits have been identified in humans. The p rotein encoded by this gene is one of the regulatory subunits. This subunit can be phosphorylated by the activated catalytic subunit. It may interact with various A-kinase anchoring proteins and det ermine the subcellular localization of cAMP-dependent protein kinase. This subunit has been sho wn to regulate protein transport from endosomes to the Golgi apparatus and further to the endopla smic reticulum (ER). [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	cAMP-dependent protein kinase regulatory subunit RII alpha cAMP-dependent protein kinase, reg ulatory subunit alpha 2 protein kinase A, RII-alpha subunit

Pathway

- <u>Apoptosis</u>
- Insulin signaling pathway

Disease

- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Schizophrenia