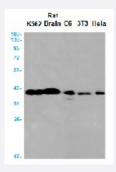




ALDOA recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone R06-6A3

Catalog # RAB01620 Size 100 uL

Applications



Western Blot

Western blot analysis of Aldolase in K562, rat Brain, C6, 3T3, Hela lysates using human Aldolase recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone R06-6A3 (Cat # RAB01620).

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit recombinant monoclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of human Aldolase.
Antibody Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	Original antibody is raised against a synthetic peptide corresponding to human Aldolase
Theoretical MW (kDa)	Calculated MW: 39 kD
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purification
Isotype	lgG
Recommend Usage	Immunofluorescence(1:50-1:200) Immunohistochemistry (1:50-1:100) Western Blot (1:500-1:1000) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In 50 mM Tris-Glycine, pH 7.4 (0.15 M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% Sodium azide and 0.05% BSA)



Product Information

Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C for short term. For long term storage store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

Western Blot

Western blot analysis of Aldolase in K562, rat Brain, C6, 3T3, Hela lysates using human Aldolase recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone R06-6A3 (Cat # RAB01620).

- Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)
- Immunohistochemistry (Frozen sections)
- Immunocytochemistry

Gene Info — ALDOA	
Entrez GenelD	<u>226</u>
Protein Accession#	<u>P04075</u>
Gene Name	ALDOA
Gene Alias	ALDA, MGC10942, MGC17716, MGC17767
Gene Description	aldolase A, fructose-bisphosphate
Omim ID	103850
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	This gene product, Aldolase A (fructose-bisphosphate aldolase) is a glycolytic enzyme that cataly zes the reversible conversion of fructose-1,6-bisphosphate to glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate and di hydroxyacetone phosphate. Three aldolase isozymes (A, B, and C), encoded by three different ge nes, are differentially expressed during development. Aldolase A is found in the developing embry o and is produced in even greater amounts in adult muscle. Aldolase A expression is repressed in adult liver, kidney and intestine and similar to aldolase C levels in brain and other nervous tissue. Aldolase A deficiency has been associated with myopathy and hemolytic anemia. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants which encode the same protein. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	aldolase A fructose-1,6-bisphosphate triosephosphate-lyase fructose-bisphosphate aldolase A



Pathway

- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from histidine and purine
- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from ornithine
- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from shikimate pathway
- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from terpenoid and polyketide
- Biosynthesis of phenylpropanoids
- Biosynthesis of plant hormones
- Biosynthesis of terpenoids and steroids
- Carbon fixation in photosynthetic organisms
- Fructose and mannose metabolism
- Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis
- Metabolic pathways
- Pentose phosphate pathway

Disease

- Autistic Disorder
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease