

APOA1 polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB4999 Size 150 ug

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against native APOA1.
Immunogen	Native purified human APOA1.
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Quality Control Testing	Antibody Reactive Against Native Protein.
Recommend Usage	The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS, pH 7.5 (50% glycerol, 0.01% thimerosal)
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	This product contains thimerosal: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

- Immunoprecipitation
- Enzyme Immunoassay

Gene Info — APOA1

Entrez GeneID	335
Gene Name	APOA1

Gene Alias	MGC117399
Gene Description	apolipoprotein A-I
Omim ID	107680 604091
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	This gene encodes apolipoprotein A-I, which is the major protein component of high density lipoprotein (HDL) in plasma. The protein promotes cholesterol efflux from tissues to the liver for excretion, and it is a cofactor for lecithin cholesterolacyltransferase (LCAT) which is responsible for the formation of most plasma cholesteryl esters. This gene is closely linked with two other apolipoprotein genes on chromosome 11. Defects in this gene are associated with HDL deficiencies, including Tangier disease, and with systemic non-neuropathic amyloidosis. [provided by RefSeq]
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000069346 OTTHUMP00000069347 OTTHUMP00000069348 apolipoprotein A1

Publication Reference

- [Protein profiling identified dissociations between growth hormone-mediated longitudinal growth and bone mineralization in short prepubertal children.](#)

Andersson B, Decker R, Nierop AF, Bosaeus I, Albertsson-Wikland K, Hellgren G.

Journal of Proteomics 2011 Jan; 74(1):89.

Application: Func, Human, Human serum

Pathway

- [PPAR signaling pathway](#)

Disease

- [Albuminuria](#)
- [Alzheimer disease](#)
- [Anemia](#)
- [Angina Pectoris](#)
- [Aortic Valve Stenosis](#)
- [Atherosclerosis](#)

- [Brain Ischemia](#)
- [Calcinosis](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Carotid Artery Diseases](#)
- [Cerebral Hemorrhage](#)
- [Cerebral Infarction](#)
- [Cerebrovascular Accident](#)
- [Cerebrovascular Disorders](#)
- [Chorioamnionitis](#)
- [Cleft Lip](#)
- [Cleft Palate](#)
- [Cognition](#)
- [Cognition Disorders](#)
- [Coronary Artery Disease](#)
- [Coronary Disease](#)
- [Coronary Stenosis](#)
- [Dementia](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Diabetic Angiopathies](#)
- [Diseases in Twins](#)
- [Ductus Arteriosus](#)
- [Dyslipidemias](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Femur Head Necrosis](#)
- [Fetal Membranes](#)
- [Gallstones](#)

- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Gout](#)
- [Hepatitis](#)
- [Hepatitis C](#)
- [HIV Infections](#)
- [Hypercholesterolemia](#)
- [Hyperlipidemia](#)
- [Hyperlipidemias](#)
- [Hypertension](#)
- [Hypertriglyceridemia](#)
- [Hyperuricemia](#)
- [Hypolipoproteinemias](#)
- [Infant](#)
- [Inflammation](#)
- [Insulin Resistance](#)
- [Intracranial Aneurysm](#)
- [Intracranial Arteriosclerosis](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Metabolic Syndrome X](#)
- [Multiple Sclerosis](#)
- [Myocardial Infarction](#)
- [Myocardial Ischemia](#)
- [Neuropsychological Tests](#)
- [Obesity](#)
- [Obstetric Labor](#)
- [Postoperative Complications](#)

- [Pre-Eclampsia](#)
- [Premature Birth](#)
- [Recurrence](#)
- [Retinal Diseases](#)
- [Thrombosis](#)
- [Verbal Learning](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)