AK1 polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB4040 Size 400 uL

Applications



Western Blot (Cell lysate)

The AK1 polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB4040) is used in Western blot to detect AK1 in CHO cell lysate.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections)

Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human hepatocellular carcinoma tissue reacted with AK1 polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB4040), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by AEC staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of AK1.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide (conjugated with KLH) corresponding to C-terminus of human AK1.
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Hamster, Human
Form	Liquid
Purification	Protein G purification



Product Information

Recommend Usage	ELISA (1:1000) Western Blot (1:100-500) Immunohistochemistry (1:50-100) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS (0.09% sodium azide)
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C. For long term storage store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only.

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Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay

Gene Info — AK1

Entrez GenelD	203
Protein Accession#	<u>NP_000467;P00568</u>
Gene Name	AK1
Gene Alias	-
Gene Description	adenylate kinase 1
Omim ID	103000
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink



Gene Summary

Product Information

Adenylate kinase is an enzyme involved in regulating the adenine nucleotide composition within a cell by catalyzing the reversible transfer of phosphate group among adinine nucleotides. Three iso zymes of adenylate kinase have been identified in vertebrates, adenylate isozyme 1 (AK1), 2 (AK 2) and 3 (AK3). AK1 is found in the cytosol of skeletal muscle, brain and enythrocytes, whereas A K2 and AK3 are found in the mitochondria of other tissues including liver and heart. AK1 was iden tified because of its association with a rare genetic disorder causing nonspherocytic hemolytic an emia where a mutation in the AK1 gene was found to reduce the catalytic activity of the enzyme. [provided by RefSeq

Other Designations

ATP-AMP transphosphorylase|OTTHUMP00000022217|OTTHUMP00000022218|myokinase

Publication Reference

• Red cell adenylate kinase deficiency: molecular study of 3 new mutations (118G>A, 190G>A, and GAC deletion) associated with hereditary nonspherocytic hemolytic anemia.

Corrons JL, Garcia E, Tusell JJ, Varughese KI, West C, Beutler E. Blood 2003 Jul; 102(1):353.

<u>Congenital haemolytic anaemia associated with adenylate kinase deficiency.</u>

Toren A, Brok-Simoni F, Ben-Bassat I, Holtzman F, Mandel M, Neumann Y, Ramot B, Rechavi G, Kende G. British Journal of Haematology 1994 Jun; 87(2):376.

 Regional assignment of the loci for adenylate kinase to 9q32 and for alpha 1-acid glycoprotein to 9q31-q32. A locus for Goltz syndrome in region 9q32-qter?

Zuffardi O, Caiulo A, Maraschio P, Tupler R, Bianchi E, Amisano P, Beluffi G, Moratti R, Liguri G. Human Genetics 1989 Apr; 82(1):17.

Pathway

- Metabolic pathways
- Purine metabolism

Disease

Fetal Growth Retardation