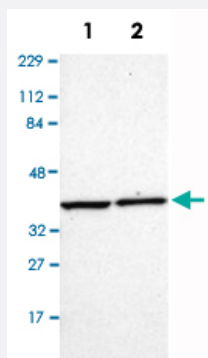


# ALDOA polyclonal antibody

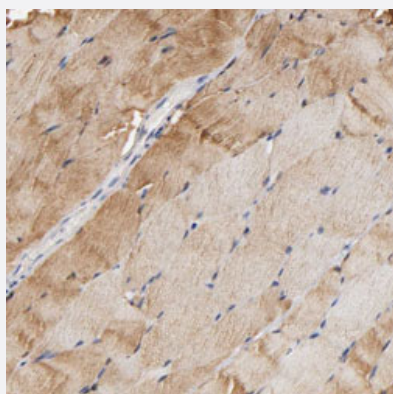
Catalog # PAB30682      Size 100 uL

## Applications



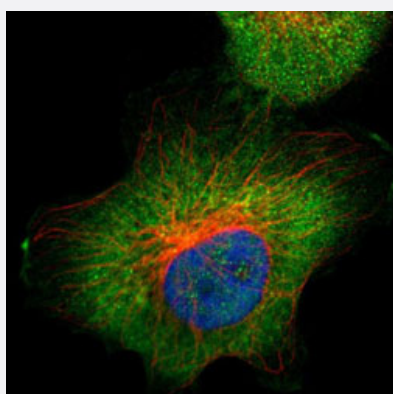
### Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western Blot analysis of Lane 1: RT-4 and Lane 2: U-251MG sp cell lysates with ALDOA polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB30682).



### Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunohistochemical staining (Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) of human skeletal muscle with ALDOA polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB30682) shows moderate positivity in myocytes.



### Immunofluorescence

Immunofluorescent staining of U-251 MG with ALDOA polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB30682) (Green) shows positivity in cytoplasm.

## Specification

<b>Product Description</b>	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against partial recombinant human ALDOA.
<b>Immunogen</b>	Recombinant protein corresponding to human ALDOA.
<b>Sequence</b>	IVAPGKGILAADESTGSIKRLQSIGTENTEENRRFYRQLLLTADDRVNPCIGGVILFHETLYQKADD GRPFPQVIKSKGGVVGIVDKGVVPLAGTNGETTTQGL
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Purification</b>	Antigen affinity purification
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Recommend Usage</b>	Immunofluorescence (1-4 ug/mL) Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) (1:200-1:500) Western Blot (1:100-1:250) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
<b>Storage Buffer</b>	In PBS, pH 7.2 (40% glycerol, 0.02% sodium azide).
<b>Storage Instruction</b>	Store at 4°C. For long term storage store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
<b>Note</b>	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

## Applications

- Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western Blot analysis of Lane 1: RT-4 and Lane 2: U-251MG sp cell lysates with ALDOA polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB30682).

- Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunohistochemical staining (Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) of human skeletal muscle with ALDOA polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB30682) shows moderate positivity in myocytes.

- Immunofluorescence

Immunofluorescent staining of U-251 MG with ALDOA polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB30682) (Green) shows positivity in cytoplasm.

## Gene Info — ALDOA

Entrez GeneID [226](#)

Protein Accession# [P04075](#)

Gene Name ALDOA

Gene Alias ALDA, MGC10942, MGC17716, MGC17767

Gene Description aldolase A, fructose-bisphosphate

Omim ID [103850](#)

Gene Ontology [Hyperlink](#)

**Gene Summary** This gene product, Aldolase A (fructose-bisphosphate aldolase) is a glycolytic enzyme that catalyzes the reversible conversion of fructose-1,6-bisphosphate to glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate and dihydroxyacetone phosphate. Three aldolase isozymes (A, B, and C), encoded by three different genes, are differentially expressed during development. Aldolase A is found in the developing embryo and is produced in even greater amounts in adult muscle. Aldolase A expression is repressed in adult liver, kidney and intestine and similar to aldolase C levels in brain and other nervous tissue. Aldolase A deficiency has been associated with myopathy and hemolytic anemia. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants which encode the same protein. [provided by RefSeq]

**Other Designations** aldolase A|fructose-1,6-bisphosphate triosephosphate-lyase|fructose-bisphosphate aldolase A

## Pathway

- [Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from histidine and purine](#)
- [Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from ornithine](#)
- [Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from shikimate pathway](#)
- [Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from terpenoid and polyketide](#)
- [Biosynthesis of phenylpropanoids](#)
- [Biosynthesis of plant hormones](#)
- [Biosynthesis of terpenoids and steroids](#)
- [Carbon fixation in photosynthetic organisms](#)
- [Fructose and mannose metabolism](#)

- [Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis](#)
- [Metabolic pathways](#)
- [Pentose phosphate pathway](#)

## Disease

- [Autistic Disorder](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)