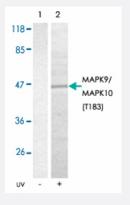


## MAPK9/MAPK10 (phospho T183) polyclonal antibody

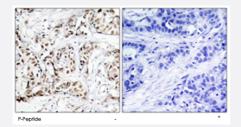
Catalog # PAB25838 Size 100 ug

## **Applications**



### Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western blot analysis of extracts from 293T cells using MAPK9/MAPK10 (phospho T183) polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB25838).



# Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections)

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue using MAPK9/MAPK10 (phospho T183) polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB25838).

Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic phosphopeptide of MAPK9/MAPK10.
Synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to residues surrounding T183 of human MAPK9/MAPK10.
M-M-Tp-P-Y
Rabbit
46, 54
Human, Mouse, Rat



#### **Product Information**

Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity chromatography
Concentration	1 mg/mL
Recommend Usage	Immunohistochemistry (1:50-1:100)
	Western Blot (1:500-1:1000)
	The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS (without Mg <sup>2+</sup> and Ca <sup>2+</sup> ), 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4 (50% glycerol, 0.02% sodium azide)
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C.
	Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul
	d be handled by trained staff only.

## **Applications**

Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western blot analysis of extracts from 293T cells using MAPK9/MAPK10 (phospho T183) polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB25838).

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue using MAPK9/MAPK10 (phospho T183) polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB25838).

Gene Info — MAPK9	
Entrez GeneID	<u>5601</u>
Protein Accession#	P45984 (Gene ID : 5601);P53779 (Gene ID : 5602)
Gene Name	MAPK9
Gene Alias	JNK-55, JNK2, JNK2A, JNK2ALPHA, JNK2B, JNK2BETA, PRKM9, SAPK, p54a, p54aSAPK
Gene Description	mitogen-activated protein kinase 9
Omim ID	602896
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>



### **Product Information**

Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the MAP kinase family. MAP kinases act as an
	integration point for multiple biochemical signals, and are involved in a wide variety of cellular pro
	cesses such as proliferation, differentiation, transcription regulation and development. This kinase
	targets specific transcription factors, and thus mediates immediate-early gene expression in resp
	onse to various cell stimuli. It is most closely related to MAPK8, both of which are involved in UV r
	adiation induced apoptosis, thought to be related to the cytochrome c-mediated cell death pathwa
	y. This gene and MAPK8 are also known as c-Jun N-terminal kinases. This kinase blocks the ubiq
	uitination of tumor suppressor p53, and thus it increases the stability of p53 in nonstressed cells.
	Studies of this gene's mouse counterpart suggest a key role in T-cell differentiation. Several altern

**Other Designations** 

Jun kinase |MAP kinase 9|c-Jun N-terminal kinase 2|c-Jun kinase 2|mitogen-activated protein kinase 9 isoform JNK2 alpha2|stress-activated protein kinase JNK2

atively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been reported. [provided by Ref

Gene Info — MAPK10	
Entrez GenelD	<u>5602</u>
Protein Accession#	P45984 (Gene ID : 5601);P53779 (Gene ID : 5602)
Gene Name	MAPK10
Gene Alias	FLJ12099, FLJ33785, JNK3, JNK3A, MGC50974, PRKM10, p493F12, p54bSAPK
Gene Description	mitogen-activated protein kinase 10
Omim ID	602897 606369
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the MAP kinase family. MAP kinases act as an integration point for multiple biochemical signals, and are involved in a wide variety of cellular processes such as proliferation, differentiation, transcription regulation and development. This protein is a neuronal-specific form of c-Jun N-terminal kinases (JNKs). Through its phosphorylation and nuclear localization, this kinase plays regulatory roles in the signaling pathways during neuronal a poptosis. Beta-arrestin 2, a receptor-regulated MAP kinase scaffold protein, is found to interact with, and stimulate the phosphorylation of this kinase by MAP kinase kinase 4 (MKK4). Cyclin-dependent kianse 5 can phosphorylate, and inhibit the activity of this kinase, which may be important in preventing neuronal apoptosis. Four alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isof orms have been reported. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	JNK3 alpha protein kinase MAP kinase OTTHUMP00000161180 OTTHUMP00000161182 OTT HUMP00000161183 c-Jun N-terminal kinase 3 c-Jun kinase 3 stress activated protein kinase JN K3 stress activated protein kinase beta

## Pathway



- Adipocytokine signaling pathway
- Adipocytokine signaling pathway
- Colorectal cancer
- Colorectal cancer
- Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection
- Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection
- ErbB signaling pathway
- ErbB signaling pathway
- Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway
- Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway
- Focal adhesion
- Focal adhesion
- GnRH signaling pathway
- GnRH signaling pathway
- Insulin signaling pathway
- Insulin signaling pathway
- MAPK signaling pathway
- MAPK signaling pathway
- Neurotrophin signaling pathway
- Neurotrophin signaling pathway
- Pancreatic cancer
- Pancreatic cancer
- Pathways in cancer
- Pathways in cancer
- T cell receptor signaling pathway
- Toll-like receptor signaling pathway



- Toll-like receptor signaling pathway
- Type II diabetes mellitus
- Type II diabetes mellitus
- Wnt signaling pathway
- Wnt signaling pathway

#### Disease

- Breast cancer
- Breast Neoplasms
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- HIV Infections
- HIV Infections
- Tobacco Use Disorder