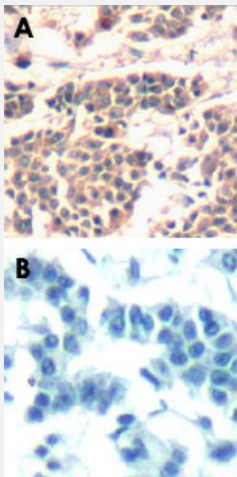


IKBKA/IKBKB polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB25508

Size 100 ug

Applications



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue using IKBKA/IKBKB polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB25508).
Peptide - (A), Peptide + (B).

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of IKBKA/IKBKB.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding S180/S181 human IKBKA/IKBKB.
Sequence	CTSFV
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Form	Liquid
Purification	Protein G purification
Recommend Usage	Immunohistochemistry (1:50-1:100) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS, pH 7.4 (50% glycerol, 0.02% sodium azide)

Storage Instruction

Store at -20°C.
Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Note

This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

- Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue using IKBKA/IKBKB polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB25508).

Peptide - (A), Peptide + (B).

Gene Info — CHUK

Entrez GeneID [1147](#)

Protein Accession# [O15111;O14920](#)

Gene Name CHUK

Gene Alias IKBKA, IKK-alpha, IKK1, IKKA, NFKB1A, TCF16

Gene Description conserved helix-loop-helix ubiquitous kinase

Omim ID [600664](#)

Gene Ontology [Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary This gene encodes a member of the serine/threonine protein kinase family. The encoded protein, a component of a cytokine-activated protein complex that is an inhibitor of the essential transcription factor NF-kappa-B complex, phosphorylates sites that trigger the degradation of the inhibitor via the ubiquitination pathway, thereby activating the transcription factor. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations Ikappa-B kinase 1|Ikappa-B kinase-alpha|IKK-a kinase|IkB kinase alpha subunit|Nuclear factor NFkappaB inhibitor kinase alpha|OTTHUMP00000020273|conserved helix-loop ubiquitous kinase

Gene Info — IKBKB

Entrez GeneID [3551](#)

Protein Accession# [O15111;O14920](#)

Gene Name	IKBKB
Gene Alias	FLJ40509, IKK-beta, IKK2, IKKB, MGC131801, NFKBIKB
Gene Description	inhibitor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B-cells, kinase beta
Omim ID	603258
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	NFKB1 (MIM 164011) or NFKB2 (MIM 164012) is bound to REL (MIM 164910), RELA (MIM 164014), or RELB (MIM 604758) to form the NFKB complex. The NFKB complex is inhibited by I-kappa-B proteins (NFKBIA, MIM 164008, or NFKBIB, MIM 604495), which inactivate NF-kappa-B by trapping it in the cytoplasm. Phosphorylation of serine residues on the I-kappa-B proteins by kinases (IKBKA, MIM 600664, or IKBKB) marks them for destruction via the ubiquitination pathway, thereby allowing activation of the NF-kappa-B complex. Activated NFKB complex translocates into the nucleus and binds DNA at kappa-B-binding motifs such as 5-prime GGGRNNYYCC 3-prime or 5-prime HGGARNYYCC 3-prime (where H is A, C, or T; R is an A or G purine; and Y is a C or T pyrimidine).[supplied by OMIM]
Other Designations	inhibitor of nuclear factor kappa B kinase beta subunit nuclear factor NF-kappa-B inhibitor kinase beta

Pathway

- [Acute myeloid leukemia](#)
- [Acute myeloid leukemia](#)
- [Adipocytokine signaling pathway](#)
- [Adipocytokine signaling pathway](#)
- [Apoptosis](#)
- [Apoptosis](#)
- [B cell receptor signaling pathway](#)
- [B cell receptor signaling pathway](#)
- [Chemokine signaling pathway](#)
- [Chemokine signaling pathway](#)
- [Chronic myeloid leukemia](#)
- [Chronic myeloid leukemia](#)
- [Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection](#)

- [Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection](#)
- [Insulin signaling pathway](#)
- [MAPK signaling pathway](#)
- [MAPK signaling pathway](#)
- [Neurotrophin signaling pathway](#)
- [Pancreatic cancer](#)
- [Pancreatic cancer](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Small cell lung cancer](#)
- [Small cell lung cancer](#)
- [T cell receptor signaling pathway](#)
- [T cell receptor signaling pathway](#)
- [Toll-like receptor signaling pathway](#)
- [Toll-like receptor signaling pathway](#)
- [Type II diabetes mellitus](#)

Disease

- [Alzheimer Disease](#)
- [Arthritis](#)
- [Arthritis](#)
- [Asthma](#)
- [Asthma](#)
- [Atherosclerosis](#)

- [Bronchiolitis](#)
- [Bronchiolitis](#)
- [Calcinosis](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Cerebral Hemorrhage](#)
- [Cleft Lip](#)
- [Cleft Palate](#)
- [Colonic Neoplasms](#)
- [Coronary Artery Disease](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Disease Susceptibility](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Fatty Liver](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Hematologic Diseases](#)
- [Hematologic Diseases](#)
- [Hepatitis C](#)
- [Hepatitis C](#)
- [HIV Infections](#)
- [HIV Infections](#)
- [Hodgkin Disease](#)
- [Hodgkin Disease](#)
- [Hypertension](#)
- [Infant](#)

- [Infant](#)
- [Inflammation](#)
- [Intracranial Hemorrhages](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Lymphoma](#)
- [Lymphoma](#)
- [Lymphoproliferative Disorders](#)
- [Lymphoproliferative Disorders](#)
- [Multiple Myeloma](#)
- [Multiple Myeloma](#)
- [Occupational Diseases](#)
- [Occupational Diseases](#)
- [Rectal Neoplasms](#)
- [Respiratory Syncytial Virus Infections](#)
- [Respiratory Syncytial Virus Infections](#)
- [Stroke](#)
- [Subarachnoid Hemorrhage](#)
- [Thyroid Neoplasms](#)
- [Waldenstrom Macroglobulinemia](#)
- [Waldenstrom Macroglobulinemia](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)