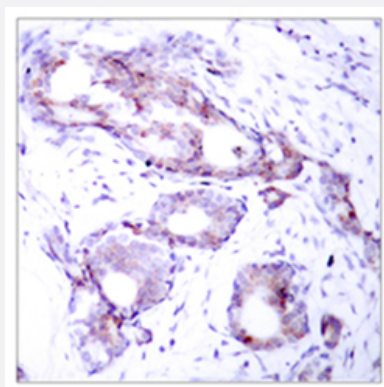


MYC (phospho T373) polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB25257 Size 100 ug

Applications



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue using MYC (phospho T373) polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB25257).

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic phosphopeptide of MYC.
Immunogen	Synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to residues surrounding S373 of human MYC.
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity chromatography
Concentration	1 mg/mL
Recommend Usage	Immunohistochemistry (1:50-1:100) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS (without Mg^{2+} and Ca^{2+}), 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4 (50% glycerol, 0.02% sodium azide)
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Note

This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

- Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue using MYC (phospho T373) polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB25257).

Gene Info — MYC

Entrez GeneID [4609](#)

Protein Accession# [P01106](#)

Gene Name MYC

Gene Alias bHLHe39, c-Myc

Gene Description v-myc myelocytomatosis viral oncogene homolog (avian)

Omim ID [113970 190080](#)

Gene Ontology [Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary

The protein encoded by this gene is a multifunctional, nuclear phosphoprotein that plays a role in cell cycle progression, apoptosis and cellular transformation. It functions as a transcription factor that regulates transcription of specific target genes. Mutations, overexpression, rearrangement and translocation of this gene have been associated with a variety of hematopoietic tumors, leukemias and lymphomas, including Burkitt lymphoma. There is evidence to show that alternative translation initiations from an upstream, in-frame non-AUG (CUG) and a downstream AUG start site result in the production of two isoforms with distinct N-termini. The synthesis of non-AUG initiated protein is suppressed in Burkitt's lymphomas, suggesting its importance in the normal function of this gene. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations

avian myelocytomatosis viral oncogene homolog|myc proto-oncogene protein|v-myc avian myelocytomatosis viral oncogene homolog

Pathway

- [Acute myeloid leukemia](#)
- [Bladder cancer](#)

- [Cell cycle](#)
- [Chronic myeloid leukemia](#)
- [Colorectal cancer](#)
- [Endometrial cancer](#)
- [ErbB signaling pathway](#)
- [Jak-STAT signaling pathway](#)
- [MAPK signaling pathway](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)
- [Small cell lung cancer](#)
- [TGF-beta signaling pathway](#)
- [Thyroid cancer](#)
- [Wnt signaling pathway](#)

Disease

- [Alzheimer disease](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Chromosome Aberrations](#)
- [Colorectal Neoplasms](#)
- [Diabetes Complications](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Helicobacter Infections](#)
- [Hematologic Diseases](#)

- [Hodgkin Disease](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Lymphoma](#)
- [Lymphoproliferative Disorders](#)
- [Metabolic Syndrome X](#)
- [Mouth Neoplasms](#)
- [Neoplasm Metastasis](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Occupational Diseases](#)
- [Osteoporosis](#)
- [Ovarian cancer](#)
- [Ovarian Neoplasms](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Prostatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Stomach Neoplasms](#)
- [Thyroid Diseases](#)
- [Thyroid Neoplasms](#)
- [Translocation](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Waldenstrom Macroglobulinemia](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)