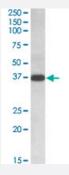


IDH3A polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB19689 Size 100 ug

Applications



Western Blot (Tissue lysate)

IDH3A polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB19689) (0.1 ug/mL) staining of human lymph nodes lysate (35 ug protein in RIPA buffer). Primary incubation was 1 hour. Detected by chemiluminescence.

| Specification | |
|----------------------|---|
| Product Description | Goat polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of IDH3A. |
| Immunogen | A synthetic peptide corresponding to C-terminus of human IDH3A. |
| Sequence | DFTEEICRRVKDLD |
| Host | Goat |
| Theoretical MW (kDa) | 39.6 |
| Reactivity | Human |
| Form | Liquid |
| Purification | Antigen affinity purification |
| Recommend Usage | Western Blot (0.1-0.3 ug/mL) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user. |
| Storage Buffer | In Tris saline, pH 7.3 (0.5% BSA, 0.02% sodium azide) |
| Storage Instruction | Store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing. |



Product Information

Note

This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

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Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay

| Gene Info — IDH3A | |
|--------------------|--|
| Entrez GenelD | <u>3419</u> |
| Protein Accession# | NP_005521.1 |
| Gene Name | IDH3A |
| Gene Alias | - |
| Gene Description | isocitrate dehydrogenase 3 (NAD+) alpha |
| Omim ID | 601149 |
| Gene Ontology | <u>Hyperlink</u> |
| Gene Summary | Isocitrate dehydrogenases catalyze the oxidative decarboxylation of isocitrate to 2-oxoglutarate. These enzymes belong to two distinct subclasses, one of which utilizes NAD(+) as the electron acceptor and the other NADP(+). Five isocitrate dehydrogenases have been reported: three NAD(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, which localize to the mitochondrial matrix, and two NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, one of which is mitochondrial and the other predominantly cytosolic. NAD(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases catalyze the allosterically regulated rate-limiting step of the tricarboxylic acid cycle. Each isozyme is a heterotetramer that is composed of two alpha subunits, one beta subunit, and one gamma subunit. The protein encoded by this gene is the alpha subunit of one isozyme of NAD(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase. [provided by RefSeq |
| Other Designations | H-IDH alpha NAD(H)-specific isocitrate dehydrogenase alpha subunit NAD+-specific ICDH isocitr ate dehydrogenase (NAD+) alpha chain isocitrate dehydrogenase [NAD] subunit alpha, mitochon drial isocitric dehydrogenase |

Pathway



- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from histidine and purine
- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from ornithine
- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from shikimate pathway
- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from terpenoid and polyketide
- Biosynthesis of plant hormones
- Biosynthesis of terpenoids and steroids
- Citrate cycle (TCA cycle)
- Metabolic pathways