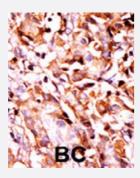
BAD (phospho S99) polyclonal antibody

Catalog # PAB0418 Size 400 uL

Applications



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections)

Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with BAD (phospho S99) polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB0418) which was peroxidaseconjugated to the secondary antibody followed by AEC staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma.

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic phosphopeptide of BAD.
Immunogen	Synthetic phosphopeptide (conjugated with KLH) corresponding to residues surrounding S99 of hum an BAD.
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Purification	Protein G purification
Recommend Usage	Immunohistochemistry (1:50-100) Dot Blot (1:500) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS (0.09% sodium azide)
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C. For long term storage store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

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Product Information

Note

This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with BAD (phospho S99) polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB0418) which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody followed by AEC staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma.

Gene Info — BAD	
Entrez GenelD	<u>572</u>
Protein Accession#	<u>NP_116784;Q92934</u>
Gene Name	BAD
Gene Alias	BBC2, BCL2L8
Gene Description	BCL2-associated agonist of cell death
Omim ID	<u>603167</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the BCL-2 family. BCL-2 family members are k nown to be regulators of programmed cell death. This protein positively regulates cell apoptosis b y forming heterodimers with BCL-xL and BCL-2, and reversing their death repressor activity. Proa poptotic activity of this protein is regulated through its phosphorylation. Protein kinases AKT and MAP kinase, as well as protein phosphatase calcineurin were found to be involved in the regulation n of this protein. Alternative splicing of this gene results in two transcript variants which encode the same isoform. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	BCL-X/BCL-2 binding protein BCL2-antagonist of cell death protein BCL2-binding component 6 BCL2-binding protein

Publication Reference

A chimeric protein induces tumor cell apoptosis by delivering the human Bcl-2 family BH3-only protein Bad.

Antignani A, Youle RJ.

Biochemistry 2005 Mar; 44(10):4074.



 Broad degradation of proapoptotic proteins with the conserved Bcl-2 homology domain 3 during infection with Chlamydia trachomatis.

Ying S, Seiffert BM, Häcker G, Fischer SF. Infection and Immunity 2005 Mar; 73(3):1399.

• <u>Cooperation of amphiregulin and insulin-like growth factor-1 inhibits Bax- and Bad-mediated apoptosis via a</u> protein kinase C-dependent pathway in non-small cell lung cancer cells.

Hurbin A, Coll JL, Dubrez-Daloz L, Mari B, Auberger P, Brambilla C, Favrot MC. The Journal of Biological Chemistry 2005 May; 280(20):19757.

Pathway

- Acute myeloid leukemia
- <u>Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)</u>
- Apoptosis
- <u>Chronic myeloid leukemia</u>
- Colorectal cancer
- Endometrial cancer
- ErbB signaling pathway
- Focal adhesion
- Insulin signaling pathway
- Melanoma
- <u>Neurotrophin signaling pathway</u>
- Non-small cell lung cancer
- Pancreatic cancer
- Pathways in cancer
- Prostate cancer
- VEGF signaling pathway



Disease

- <u>Cardiovascular Diseases</u>
- Diabetes Mellitus
- Edema
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Lymphoma
- Parkinson disease
- Thyroid Neoplasms