

Bioactive

CCL14 (Human) Recombinant Protein

Catalog # P3618 Size 10 ug

Specification	
Product Description	Human CCL14 (Q16627, 22 a.a 93 a.a.) partial recombinant protein expressed in <i>Escherichia coli</i> .
Sequence	KTESSSRGPYHPSECCFTYTTYKIPRQRIMDYYETNSQCSKPGIVFITKRGHSVCTNPSDKWVQDYI KDMKEN
Host	Escherichia coli
Theoretical MW (kDa)	9
Form	Lyophilized
Preparation Method	Escherichia coli expression system
Purification	lon exchange column and HPLC reverse phase column
Purity	> 90% by SDS-PAGE and HPLC
Endotoxin Level	< 0.1 ng/ug (1 EU/ug)
Activity	Determined by the ability to chemoattract human monocytes using a concentration range of 2.0-40.0 ng/mL.
Storage Buffer	Lyophilized from 20 mM PB, 100 mM NaCl, pH 7.5
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C on dry atmosphere for 2 years. After reconstitution with deionized water, store at 4°C for 1 month or store at -20°C for 6 months. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

- Functional Study
- SDS-PAGE



Gene Info — CCL14	
Entrez GenelD	6358
Protein Accession#	Q16627
Gene Name	CCL14
Gene Alias	CC-1, CC-3, CKb1, HCC-1, HCC-3, MCIF, NCC-2, NCC2, SCYA14, SCYL2, SY14
Gene Description	chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 14
Omim ID	601392
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	This gene, CCL14, is one of several CC cytokine genes clustered on 17q11.2. The CC cytokines are secreted proteins characterized by two adjacent cysteines. The cytokine encoded by this gene induces changes in intracellular calcium concentration and enzyme release in monocytes. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. Read-through transcripts are also expressed that include exons from the upstream cytokine gene CCL15, and are represented as GeneID: 348249. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000176860 chemokine CC-1 chemokine CC-3 small inducible cytokine subfamily A (Cys-Cys), member 14

Pathway

- Chemokine signaling pathway
- Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction

Disease

- Asthma
- Bronchiolitis
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Infant
- Lupus Erythematosus



- Multiple Sclerosis
- Respiratory Syncytial Virus Infections
- Tobacco Use Disorder