

Bioactive

TNFRSF13C (Human) Recombinant Protein

Catalog # P3588 Size 50 ug

Specification	
Product Description	Human TNFRSF13C (Q96RJ3, 1 a.a 79 a.a.) partial recombinant protein expressed in <i>Escherichi</i> a coli.
Sequence	MRRGPRSLRGRDAPAPTPCVPAECFDLLVRHCVACGLLRTPRPKPAGASSPAPRTALQPQESV GAGAGEAALPLPGLL
Host	Escherichia coli
Theoretical MW (kDa)	9
Form	Lyophilized
Preparation Method	Escherichia coli expression system
Purification	lon exchange column and HPLC reverse phase column
Purity	> 90% by SDS-PAGE and HPLC
Endotoxin Level	< 0.1 ng/ug (1 EU/ug)
Activity	The ED $_{50}$ was determined by the ability to block BAFF induced survival of splenocyte cells, and was found to be in the range of 1.0-5.0 μ mL.
Storage Buffer	Lyophilized from 2.5% glycine, 0.5% sucrose, 0.01% Tween 80, 5 mM Glutamic acid, pH 4.5
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C on dry atmosphere for 2 years. After reconstitution with deionized water, store at 4°C for 1 month or store at -20°C for 6 months. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

- Functional Study
- SDS-PAGE



Gene Info — TNFRSF13C	
Entrez GenelD	<u>115650</u>
Protein Accession#	Q96RJ3
Gene Name	TNFRSF13C
Gene Alias	BAFF-R, BAFFR, CD268, MGC138235
Gene Description	tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily, member 13C
Omim ID	606269
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	B cell-activating factor (BAFF) enhances B-cell survival in vitro and is a regulator of the peripheral B-cell population. Overexpression of Baff in mice results in mature B-cell hyperplasia and sympto ms of systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE). Also, some SLE patients have increased levels of BAFF in serum. Therefore, it has been proposed that abnormally high levels of BAFF may contribute to the pathogenesis of autoimmune diseases by enhancing the survival of autoreactive B cells. The protein encoded by this gene is a receptor for BAFF and is a type III transmembrane protein containing a single extracellular cysteine-rich domain. It is thought that this receptor is the principal receptor required for BAFF-mediated mature B-cell survival. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	B cell-activating factor receptor BAFF receptor OTTHUMP00000028746

Pathway

- Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction
- Primary immunodeficiency

Disease

- Common Variable Immunodeficiency
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Hematologic Diseases
- Hodgkin Disease
- Lymphoproliferative Disorders



- Multiple Myeloma
- Occupational Diseases
- Waldenstrom Macroglobulinemia
- Werner syndrome