

CD14 monoclonal antibody, clone biG 2 (RoMo-1)

Catalog # MAB5656

Size 100 ug

Specification

Product Description Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against native CD14.

Immunogen Native from human monocytes.

Host Mouse

Reactivity Human

Specificity biG 2 (RoMo-1) represents an excellent marker for CD14. CD14 has been shown to be involved in the LPS-induced cell activation. This antigen is present as a membrane bound form and as soluble antigen, both involved in cell stimulation by LPS. The plasma protein LBP plays an important role in this LPS-CD14 mediated cell activation. Monocytes and PMN are activated by the LBP-LPS complex via a membrane CD14. The CD14 glycoprotein, gp 55, is present on most monocytic and macrophages like cell types: monocytes, macrophages, Kupffer cells, pleural phagocytic cells and dendritic reticular cells. CD14 is also observed on granulocytes and activated or transformed B-cells. Furthermore CD14 is present in a soluble form in human serum, urine and other body fluids. The CD14 molecule has been reported to be a receptor for Endotoxin.

Form Lyophilized

Isotype IgG2a

Recommend Usage Flow Cytometry (1:5000)
The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

Storage Buffer Lyophilized from PBS

Storage Instruction Store at -20°C on dry atmosphere.
After reconstitution with deionized water, store at -20°C or lower.
Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

- Immunoprecipitation
- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay

- Flow Cytometry

Gene Info — CD14

Entrez GeneID	929
Gene Name	CD14
Gene Alias	-
Gene Description	CD14 molecule
Omim ID	158120
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	CD14 is a surface protein preferentially expressed on monocytes/macrophages. It binds lipopolysaccharide binding protein and recently has been shown to bind apoptotic cells. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding the same isoform. [provided by RefSeq]
Other Designations	CD14 antigen monocyte differentiation antigen CD14

Publication Reference

- [LPS-binding protein and CD14-dependent attachment of hepatitis B surface antigen to monocytes is determined by the phospholipid moiety of the particles.](#)

Vanlandschoot P, Van Houtte F, Roobrouck A, Farhoudi A, Stelter F, Peterson DL, Gomez-Gutierrez J, Gavilanes F, Leroux-Roels G.

The Journal of General Virology 2002 Sep; 83(Pt 9):2279.

Application: Flow Cyt, Func, Human, PBMCs

- [Binding of bacterial peptidoglycan to CD14.](#)

Dziarski R, Tapping RI, Tobias PS.

The Journal of Biological Chemistry 1998 Apr; 273(15):8680.

Application: Added, Recombinant protein

Pathway

- [Hematopoietic cell lineage](#)

- [MAPK signaling pathway](#)
- [Pathogenic Escherichia coli infection - EHEC](#)
- [Regulation of actin cytoskeleton](#)
- [Toll-like receptor signaling pathway](#)

Disease

- [Abortion](#)
- [Abscess](#)
- [Acute Disease](#)
- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Aggressive Periodontitis](#)
- [Airway Obstruction](#)
- [Alcoholism](#)
- [Alveolar Bone Loss](#)
- [Alzheimer disease](#)
- [Amyloidosis](#)
- [Anaphylaxis](#)
- [Angina](#)
- [Angina Pectoris](#)
- [Appendicitis](#)
- [Arteriosclerosis](#)
- [Arthritis](#)
- [Asthma](#)
- [Atherosclerosis](#)
- [Atrophy](#)
- [Bacteremia](#)
- [Biliary Atresia](#)

- [Birth Weight](#)
- [Brain Ischemia](#)
- [Bronchial Hyperreactivity](#)
- [Bronchiolitis](#)
- [Brucellosis](#)
- [Burns](#)
- [Cadaver](#)
- [Calcinosis](#)
- [Campylobacter Infections](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Carotid Artery Diseases](#)
- [Carotid Stenosis](#)
- [Celiac Disease](#)
- [Cerebrovascular Accident](#)
- [Cerebrovascular Disorders](#)
- [Chlamydia Infections](#)
- [Chlamydomphila Infections](#)
- [Cholestasis](#)
- [Chorioamnionitis](#)
- [Chronic Disease](#)
- [Chronic Periodontitis](#)
- [Colitis](#)
- [Colorectal Neoplasms](#)
- [Communicable Diseases](#)
- [Conjunctivitis](#)
- [Connective Tissue Diseases](#)

- [Constriction](#)
- [Coronary Artery Disease](#)
- [Coronary Disease](#)
- [Coronary Restenosis](#)
- [Coronary Stenosis](#)
- [Critical Illness](#)
- [Crohn Disease](#)
- [Cystic fibrosis](#)
- [Cytomegalovirus Infections](#)
- [Dermatitis](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Disease Susceptibility](#)
- [Eczema](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Encephalitis](#)
- [Enterocolitis](#)
- [Enterovirus Infections](#)
- [Eosinophilia](#)
- [Erythema Nodosum](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Fallopian Tube Diseases](#)
- [Familial Mediterranean fever](#)
- [Fetal Diseases](#)
- [Fetal Membranes](#)
- [Food Hypersensitivity](#)

- [Gastritis](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Glioblastoma](#)
- [Glioma](#)
- [Glomerulonephritis](#)
- [Graft vs Host Disease](#)
- [Gram-Negative Bacterial Infections](#)
- [Guillain-Barre Syndrome](#)
- [Helicobacter Infections](#)
- [Hepatic Encephalopathy](#)
- [Hepatitis B](#)
- [Hepatitis C](#)
- [Herpesviridae Infections](#)
- [Hodgkin Disease](#)
- [Hypersensitivity](#)
- [Hypertension](#)
- [Infant](#)
- [Infection](#)
- [Inflammation](#)
- [Inflammatory Bowel Diseases](#)
- [Intracranial Arteriosclerosis](#)
- [Ischemia](#)
- [Kidney Diseases](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Leukemia](#)
- [Liver Cirrhosis](#)

- [Liver Diseases](#)
- [Lung Diseases](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Lymphoma](#)
- [Meningeal Neoplasms](#)
- [Meningioma](#)
- [Meningococcal Infections](#)
- [Migraine Disorders](#)
- [Mucocutaneous Lymph Node Syndrome](#)
- [Multiple Organ Failure](#)
- [Multiple Sclerosis](#)
- [Musculoskeletal Diseases](#)
- [Myocardial Infarction](#)
- [Myocardial Ischemia](#)
- [Narcolepsy](#)
- [Nasal Obstruction](#)
- [Obesity](#)
- [Obstetric Labor](#)
- [Occupational Diseases](#)
- [Osteoporosis](#)
- [Otitis Media](#)
- [Pancreatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Pancreatitis](#)
- [Parkinson disease](#)
- [Periapical Periodontitis](#)
- [Periodontal Attachment Loss](#)

- [Periodontal Pocket](#)
- [Periodontitis](#)
- [Peripheral Vascular Diseases](#)
- [Pneumococcal Infections](#)
- [Pneumonia](#)
- [Pouchitis](#)
- [Pre-Eclampsia](#)
- [Pregnancy Complications](#)
- [Premature Birth](#)
- [Prenatal Exposure Delayed Effects](#)
- [Prostatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Proteinuria](#)
- [Pseudomonas Infections](#)
- [Psoriasis](#)
- [Puerperal Disorders](#)
- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Recurrence](#)
- [Respiratory Sounds](#)
- [Respiratory Syncytial Virus Infections](#)
- [Rhinitis](#)
- [Sarcoidosis](#)
- [Schizophrenia](#)
- [Sepsis](#)
- [Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome](#)
- [Shock](#)
- [Skin Diseases](#)

- [Spondylarthropathies](#)
- [Spondylitis](#)
- [Stomach Neoplasms](#)
- [Streptococcal Infections](#)
- [Stroke](#)
- [Syndrome](#)
- [Systemic Inflammatory Response Syndrome](#)
- [Thromboangiitis Obliterans](#)
- [Thrombosis](#)
- [Tooth Diseases](#)
- [Toxoplasmosis](#)
- [Trachoma](#)
- [Tuberculosis](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Vaginosis](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)
- [Wounds](#)
- [Wounds and Injuries](#)