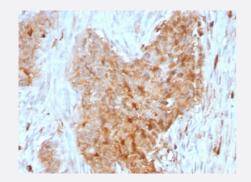


# GPI monoclonal antibody, clone CPTC-GPI-1

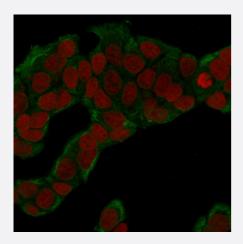
Catalog # MAB21024 Size 100 ug

# **Applications**



# Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections)

Immunohistochemical staining (Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) of human Breast Carcinoma using GPI monoclonal antibody, clone CPTC-GPI-1.



#### **Immunofluorescence**

Immunofluorescent staining of human MCF-7 cells labeling GPI with GPI monoclonal antibody, clone CPTC-GPI-1.

Specification	
Product Description	Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against full length recombinant human GPI.
Immunogen	Recombinant protein corresponding to full length human GPI.
Host	Mouse
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid



### **Product Information**

Purification	Protein A/G purification
Isotype	lgG2a
Recommend Usage	Immunofluorescence (1-2 ug/mL)
	Immunohistochemistry (Formalin-fixed) (0.5-1 ug/mL)
	Western Blot (0.5-1 ug/mL)
	The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In 10 mM PBS.
Storage Instruction	Store at -20 to -80°C.
	Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul
	d be handled by trained staff only.

# **Applications**

- Western Blot (Cell lysate)
- Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)
  Immunohistochemical staining (Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) of human Breast Carcinoma using GPI monoclonal antibody, clone CPTC-GPI-1.
- Immunofluorescence

Immunofluorescent staining of human MCF-7 cells labeling GPI with GPI monoclonal antibody, clone CPTC-GPI-1.

Gene Info — GPI	
Entrez GeneID	2821
Protein Accession#	<u>P06744</u>
Gene Name	GPI
Gene Alias	AMF, GNPI, NLK, PGI, PHI, SA-36
Gene Description	glucose phosphate isomerase
Omim ID	172400
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>



#### **Product Information**

#### **Gene Summary**

This gene belongs to the GPI family whose members encode multifunctional phosphoglucose iso merase proteins involved in energy pathways. The protein encoded by this gene is a dimeric enzy me that catalyzes the reversible isomerization of glucose-6-phosphate and fructose-6-phosphate. The protein functions in different capacities inside and outside the cell. In the cytoplasm, the gene product is involved in glycolysis and gluconeogenesis, while outside the cell it functions as a neuro trophic factor for spinal and sensory neurons. Defects in this gene are the cause of nonspherocytic hemolytic anemia and a severe enzyme deficiency can be associated with hydrops fetalis, immediate neonatal death and neurological impairment. [provided by RefSeq

#### **Other Designations**

autocrine motility factor|glucose-6-phosphate isomerase|hexose monophosphate isomerase|hexosephosphate isomerase|phospholucose isomerase|phosphohexomutase|phosphohexose isomerase|phosphosaccharomutase|spermantigen-36

### **Pathway**

- Amino sugar and nucleotide sugar metabolism
- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from histidine and purine
- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from ornithine
- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from shikimate pathway
- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from terpenoid and polyketide
- Biosynthesis of phenylpropanoids
- Biosynthesis of plant hormones
- Biosynthesis of terpenoids and steroids
- Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis
- Metabolic pathways
- Pentose phosphate pathway
- Starch and sucrose metabolism