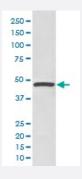


# CCNE1 monoclonal antibody, clone GHB-3

Catalog # MAB19937 Size 100 uL

## **Applications**



### Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western blot analysis of HeLa cell lysate with CCNE1 monoclonal antibody.

| Specification       |  |
|---------------------|--|
| Product Description | Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of human CCNE1.  |
| Immunogen           | A synthetic peptide corresponding to human CCNE1.  |
| Host                | Rabbit   |
| Reactivity          | Human  |
| Form                | Liquid   |
| Purification        | Affinity purification  |
| Isotype             | lgG  |
| Recommend Usage     | Immunocytochemistry (1:50-1:200) Immunofluorescence (1:50-1:200) Western Blot (1:1000-1:2000) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.                       |
| Storage Buffer      | In PBS, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.   |
| Storage Instruction | Store at -20°C for one year. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and st ored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. |



#### **Product Information**

Note

This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

## **Applications**

Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western blot analysis of HeLa cell lysate with CCNE1 monoclonal antibody.

- Immunocytochemistry
- Immunofluorescence

| Gene Info — CCNE1  |  |
|--------------------|--|
| Entrez GenelD      | 898  |
| Protein Accession# | P24864   |
| Gene Name          | CCNE1  |
| Gene Alias         | CCNE   |
| Gene Description   | cyclin E1  |
| Omim ID            | 123837   |
| Gene Ontology      | <u>Hyperlink</u>   |
| Gene Summary       | The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the highly conserved cyclin family, whose members are characterized by a dramatic periodicity in protein abundance through the cell cycle. Cyclins function as regulators of CDK kinases. Different cyclins exhibit distinct expression and degradation patterns which contribute to the temporal coordination of each mitotic event. This cyclin forms a complex with and functions as a regulatory subunit of CDK2, whose activity is required for cell cycle G1/S transition. This protein accumulates at the G1-S phase boundary and is degraded as cells progress through S phase. Overexpression of this gene has been observed in many tumors, which results in chromosome instability, and thus may contribute to tumorigenesis. This protein was found to associate with, and be involved in, the phosphorylation of NPAT protein (nuclear protein mapped to the ATM locus), which participates in cell-cycle regulated histone gene expression and plays a critical role in promoting cell-cycle progression in the absence of pRB. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene, which encode distinct isoforms, have been described. Two additional splice variants were reported but detailed nucleotide sequence information is not yet available. [provided by RefSeq |
| Other Designations | cyclin Es cyclin Et  |



### **Pathway**

- Cell cycle
- p53 signaling pathway
- Pathways in cancer
- Prostate cancer
- Small cell lung cancer

#### Disease

- Adenocarcinoma
- Breast cancer
- Breast Neoplasms
- Disease Progression
- Esophageal Neoplasms
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Neoplasm Invasiveness
- Neoplasms
- Ovarian cancer
- Ovarian Neoplasms
- Urinary Bladder Neoplasms