

# CCNE1 monoclonal antibody, clone 168

Catalog # MAB1856

Size 100 ug

## Specification

|                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <b>Product Description</b>     | Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against full length recombinant CCNE1.  |
| <b>Immunogen</b>               | Recombinant protein corresponding to full length human CCNE1.  |
| <b>Host</b>                    | Mouse  |
| <b>Reactivity</b>              | Human, Monkey  |
| <b>Form</b>                    | Liquid   |
| <b>Isotype</b>                 | IgG2a  |
| <b>Quality Control Testing</b> | Antibody Reactive Against Recombinant Protein.   |
| <b>Recommend Usage</b>         | The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.   |
| <b>Storage Buffer</b>          | In PBS (0.08% sodium azide)  |
| <b>Storage Instruction</b>     | Store at -20°C.<br>Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.   |
| <b>Note</b>                    | This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only. |

## Applications

- Western Blot
- Immunoprecipitation

## Gene Info — CCNE1

Entrez GeneID

[898](#)

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| Gene Name          | CCNE1  |
| Gene Alias         | CCNE   |
| Gene Description   | cyclin E1  |
| Omim ID            | <a href="#">123837</a>   |
| Gene Ontology      | <a href="#">Hyperlink</a>  |
| Gene Summary       | <p>The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the highly conserved cyclin family, whose members are characterized by a dramatic periodicity in protein abundance through the cell cycle. Cyclins function as regulators of CDK kinases. Different cyclins exhibit distinct expression and degradation patterns which contribute to the temporal coordination of each mitotic event. This cyclin forms a complex with and functions as a regulatory subunit of CDK2, whose activity is required for cell cycle G1/S transition. This protein accumulates at the G1-S phase boundary and is degraded as cells progress through S phase. Overexpression of this gene has been observed in many tumors, which results in chromosome instability, and thus may contribute to tumorigenesis. This protein was found to associate with, and be involved in, the phosphorylation of NPAT protein (nuclear protein mapped to the ATM locus), which participates in cell-cycle regulated histone gene expression and plays a critical role in promoting cell-cycle progression in the absence of pRB. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene, which encode distinct isoforms, have been described. Two additional splice variants were reported but detailed nucleotide sequence information is not yet available. [provided by RefSeq]</p> |
| Other Designations | cyclin Es cyclin Et  |

## Publication Reference

- [Rescue of cyclin D1 deficiency by knockin cyclin E.](#)

Geng Y, Whoriskey W, Park MY, Bronson RT, Medema RH, Li T, Weinberg RA, Sicinski P.  
Cell 1999 Jun; 97(6):767.

Application: KA, WB-Ce, WB-Ti, Human, Mouse, Mouse embryo fibroblasts, Mouse tissues

- [Requirement of Cdk2-cyclin E activity for repeated centrosome reproduction in Xenopus egg extracts.](#)

Hinchcliffe EH, Li C, Thompson EA, Maller JL, Sluder G.  
Science 1999 Feb; 283(5403):851.

Application: IF, Frog, Xenopus embryonic blastomeres

- [Cyclin E, a potential prognostic marker for breast cancer.](#)

Keyomarsi K, O'Leary N, Molnar G, Lees E, Fingert HJ, Pardee AB.  
Cancer Research 1994 Jan; 54(2):380.

## Pathway

- [Cell cycle](#)
- [p53 signaling pathway](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Small cell lung cancer](#)

## Disease

- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Neoplasm Invasiveness](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Ovarian cancer](#)
- [Ovarian Neoplasms](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)