

CD27 monoclonal antibody, clone LT27 (PerCP-Cyanine5.5)

Catalog # MAB13862 Size 100 Reactions

Specification	
Product Description	Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against native human CD27.
Immunogen	Native purified CD27 from human peripheral blood lymphocytes.
Host	Mouse
Theoretical MW (kDa)	50-55
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Conjugation	PerCP-Cyanine5.5
Purification	Protein A/G purification
Purity	>90%
Isotype	lgG2a
Recommend Usage	Flow Cytometry (5 uL/10 ⁶ cells) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS, pH 7.4 (protein stabilizer, 0.09% sodium azide).
Storage Instruction	Store in the dark at 4°C. Avoid prolonged exposure to light.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

Flow Cytometry



Gene Info — CD27	
Entrez GeneID	939
Protein Accession#	<u>P26842</u>
Gene Name	CD27
Gene Alias	MGC20393, S152, T14, TNFRSF7, Tp55
Gene Description	CD27 molecule
Omim ID	186711
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the TNF-receptor superfamily. This receptor is r equired for generation and long-term maintenance of T cell immunity. It binds to ligand CD70, and plays a key role in regulating B-cell activation and immunoglobulin synthesis. This receptor transd uces signals that lead to the activation of NF-kappaB and MAPK8/JNK. Adaptor proteins TRAF2 and TRAF5 have been shown to mediate the signaling process of this receptor. CD27-binding protein (SIVA), a proapoptotic protein, can bind to this receptor and is thought to play an important role in the apoptosis induced by this receptor. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	CD27 antigen CD27L receptor T cell activation antigen CD27 T cell antivation antigen S152 tumo r necrosis factor receptor superfamily, member 7

Pathway

• Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction

Disease

- Asthma
- Bronchial Hyperreactivity
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Hematologic Diseases
- Kidney Failure
- Multiple Myeloma



Occupational Diseases