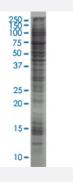


ALDOA HEK293 Cell Transient Overexpression Lysate(Non-Denatured)

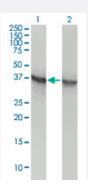
Catalog # L012T6 Size 100 ug

Applications



SDS-PAGE Gel

ALDOA transfected lysate



Western Blot

Lane 1: ALDOA transfected lysate (39 KDa).

Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.

Specification	
Transfected Cell Line	HEK293
Plasmid	pCMV-ALDOA full length
Host	Human
Theoretical MW (kDa)	39
Lysis Buffer	Modified RIPA Lysis Buffer:50 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 1mM EDTA, 1% Triton X-100, 0. 1% SDS, 1% Sodium deoxycholate, 1mM PMSF.
Concentration	2 mg/ml



Product Information

Quality Control Testing	Transient overexpression cell lysate was tested with Anti-ALDOA antibody (H00000226-M02) by We
	stern Blots.
	SDS-PAGE Gel
	ALDOA transfected lysate
	Western Blot
	Lane 1: ALDOA transfected lysate (39 KDa).
	Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.
Recommend Usage	Use it directly for immuno-precipitation, or heat lysate with SDS gel loading buffer to 95°C for 5 minut
	es followed by rapid cooling for western blot application. If dissociating conditions are required, add r
	educing agent prior to heating.
Storage Buffer	In modified RIPA Lysis Buffer.
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

- Western Blot
- Immunoprecipitation

Protocol Download

Gene Info — ALDOA	
Entrez GeneID	<u>226</u>
GeneBank Accession#	BC010660
Protein Accession#	AAH10660
Gene Name	ALDOA
Gene Alias	ALDA, MGC10942, MGC17716, MGC17767
Gene Description	aldolase A, fructose-bisphosphate
Omim ID	103850
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>



Product Information

Gene Summary

This gene product, Aldolase A (fructose-bisphosphate aldolase) is a glycolytic enzyme that cataly zes the reversible conversion of fructose-1,6-bisphosphate to glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate and di hydroxyacetone phosphate. Three aldolase isozymes (A, B, and C), encoded by three different ge nes, are differentially expressed during development. Aldolase A is found in the developing embry o and is produced in even greater amounts in adult muscle. Aldolase A expression is repressed in adult liver, kidney and intestine and similar to aldolase C levels in brain and other nervous tissue. Aldolase A deficiency has been associated with myopathy and hemolytic anemia. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants which encode the same protein. [provided by RefSeq

Other Designations

aldolase A|fructose-1,6-bisphosphate triosephosphate-lyase|fructose-bisphosphate aldolase A

Pathway

- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from histidine and purine
- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from ornithine
- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from shikimate pathway
- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from terpenoid and polyketide
- Biosynthesis of phenylpropanoids
- Biosynthesis of plant hormones
- Biosynthesis of terpenoids and steroids
- Carbon fixation in photosynthetic organisms
- Fructose and mannose metabolism
- Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis
- Metabolic pathways
- Pentose phosphate pathway

Disease

- Autistic Disorder
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease