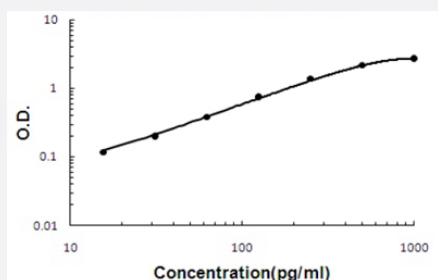


FASLG (Human) ELISA Kit

Catalog # KA5600

Size 1 Kit

Applications



The standard curve is for the purpose of illustration only and should not be used to calculate unknowns. A standard curve should be generated each time the assay is performed.

Specification

Product Description	FASLG (Human) ELISA Kit is a sandwich enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay for quantitative detection of human FASL in cell culture supernates, serum and plasma (heparin, EDTA, citrate).
Suitable Sample	Cell culture supernates, serum and plasma (heparin, EDTA, citrate)
Sample Volume	100 uL
Label	HRP-conjugated
Detection Method	Colorimetric
Assay Type	Quantitative
Calibration Range	15.6 to 1000 pg/mL
Reactivity	Human
Regulatory Status	For research use only (RUO)
Quality Control Testing	Standard curve The standard curve is for the purpose of illustration only and should not be used to calculate unknowns. A standard curve should be generated each time the assay is performed.
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C for six months. For long term storage store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

- Quantification

Gene Info — FASLG

Entrez GeneID	356
Gene Name	FASLG
Gene Alias	APT1LG1, CD178, CD95L, FASL, TNFSF6
Gene Description	Fas ligand (TNF superfamily, member 6)
Omim ID	134638 152700
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is the ligand for FAS. Both are transmembrane proteins. Interaction of FAS with this ligand is critical in triggering apoptosis of some types of cells such as lymphocytes. Defects in this gene may be related to some cases of systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE). [provided by RefSeq]
Other Designations	CD95 ligand OTTHUMP00000032708 apoptosis (APO-1) antigen ligand 1 fas ligand tumor necrosis factor (ligand) superfamily, member 6

Pathway

- [Allograft rejection](#)
- [Apoptosis](#)
- [Autoimmune thyroid disease](#)
- [Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction](#)
- [Graft-versus-host disease](#)
- [MAPK signaling pathway](#)
- [Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity](#)
- [Neurotrophin signaling pathway](#)

- [Pathways in cancer](#)
- [Type I diabetes mellitus](#)

Disease

- [Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome](#)
- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Alzheimer disease](#)
- [Autoimmune Diseases](#)
- [Azoospermia](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Carcinoma in Situ](#)
- [Cervical Intraepithelial Neoplasia](#)
- [Chronic Disease](#)
- [Colorectal Neoplasms](#)
- [Connective Tissue Diseases](#)
- [Crohn Disease](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Endometriosis](#)
- [Epidermal Necrolysis](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Fetal Diseases](#)
- [Gastroesophageal Reflux](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)

- [Graves Disease](#)
- [Head and Neck Neoplasms](#)
- [Helicobacter Infections](#)
- [Hematologic Diseases](#)
- [Hepatitis B](#)
- [Hepatitis C](#)
- [HIV Infections](#)
- [Hodgkin Disease](#)
- [Hypercholesterolemia](#)
- [Infection](#)
- [Infertility](#)
- [Inflammation](#)
- [Insulin Resistance](#)
- [Intestinal Fistula](#)
- [Intestinal Neoplasms](#)
- [Leukemia](#)
- [Leukoplakia](#)
- [Liver Cirrhosis](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Lupus Erythematosus](#)
- [Lymphatic Metastasis](#)
- [Lymphocytosis](#)
- [Lymphoproliferative Disorders](#)
- [Malignant melanoma](#)
- [Melanoma](#)
- [Migraine with Aura](#)

- [Mouth Neoplasms](#)
- [Multiple Myeloma](#)
- [Multiple Sclerosis](#)
- [Musculoskeletal Diseases](#)
- [Nasopharyngeal Neoplasms](#)
- [Neoplasm Metastasis](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Neovascularization](#)
- [Neutropenia](#)
- [Occupational Diseases](#)
- [Oligospermia](#)
- [Oral Submucous Fibrosis](#)
- [Ovarian cancer](#)
- [Ovarian Neoplasms](#)
- [Pancreatic cancer](#)
- [Pancreatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Periodontitis](#)
- [Pharyngeal Neoplasms](#)
- [Precancerous Conditions](#)
- [Pre-Eclampsia](#)
- [Pregnancy Complications](#)
- [Premature Birth](#)
- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Silicosis](#)
- [Skin Diseases](#)
- [Skin Neoplasms](#)

- [Stevens-Johnson Syndrome](#)
- [Stomach Neoplasms](#)
- [Substance-Related Disorders](#)
- [Thrombocytopenia](#)
- [Thyroid Neoplasms](#)
- [Thyroiditis](#)
- [Tobacco Use Disorder](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Uterine Cervical Neoplasms](#)
- [Vitiligo](#)
- [Waldenstrom Macroglobulinemia](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)