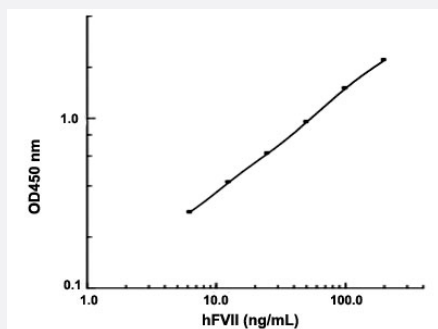


F7 (Human) ELISA Kit

Catalog # KA0471

Size 1 Kit

Applications



The standard curve is for the purpose of illustration only and should not be used to calculate unknowns. A standard curve should be generated each time the assay is performed.

Specification

Product Description	F7 (Human) ELISA Kit is a sandwich enzyme immunoassay for the quantitative measurement of human F7.
Suitable Sample	Plasma, Serum, and cell culture samples
Sample Volume	50 μ L
Label	Peroxidase-conjugated
Detection Method	Colorimetric
Assay Type	Quantitative
Calibration Range	6.25 to 200 ng/mL
Reactivity	Human
Regulation Status	For research use only (RUO)
Quality Control Testing	Standard curve The standard curve is for the purpose of illustration only and should not be used to calculate unknowns. A standard curve should be generated each time the assay is performed.
Storage Instruction	Store components of the kit at 4°C or -20°C as described in the protocol.

Applications

- Quantification

Gene Info — F7

Entrez GeneID [2155](#)

Gene Name F7

Gene Alias -

Gene Description coagulation factor VII (serum prothrombin conversion accelerator)

Omim ID [227500](#)

Gene Ontology [Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary

This gene encodes coagulation factor VII which is a vitamin K-dependent factor essential for hemostasis. This factor circulates in the blood in a zymogen form, and is converted to an active form by either factor IXa, factor Xa, factor XIIa, or thrombin by minor proteolysis. Upon activation of the factor VII, a heavy chain containing a catalytic domain and a light chain containing 2 EGF-like domains are generated, and two chains are held together by a disulfide bond. In the presence of factor II and calcium ions, the activated factor then further activates the coagulation cascade by converting factor IX to factor IXa and/or factor X to factor Xa. Alternative splicing of this gene results in 2 transcripts. Defects in this gene can cause coagulopathy. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations FVII coagulation protein|OTTHUMP00000018733|OTTHUMP00000018734|coagulation factor VII|eptacog alfa

Publication Reference

- [Coagulation factor VII and the risk of coronary heart disease in healthy men.](#)

R Junker, J Heinrich, H Schulte, J van de Loo, G Assmann.

Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology 1997 Aug; 17(8):1539.

- [Severe factor VII deficiency due to a mutation disrupting a hepatocyte nuclear factor 4 binding site in the factor VII promoter.](#)

Arbini AA, Pollak ES, Bayleran JK, High KA, Bauer KA.

Blood 1997 Jan; 89(1):176.

Application: Quant, Human, Human plasma

- [Isolation and characterization of bovine factor VII.](#)

Kisiel W, Davie EW.

Biochemistry 1975 Nov; 14(22):4928.

Pathway

- [Complement and coagulation cascades](#)

Disease

- [Abortion](#)
- [Activated Protein C Resistance](#)
- [Acute Disease](#)
- [Alzheimer disease](#)
- [Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis](#)
- [Anemia](#)
- [Angina](#)
- [Angina Pectoris](#)
- [Arterial Occlusive Diseases](#)
- [Arteriosclerosis](#)
- [Atherosclerosis](#)
- [Atrial Fibrillation](#)
- [Birth Weight](#)
- [Blood Coagulation Disorders](#)
- [Body Weight](#)
- [Brain Ischemia](#)
- [Bronchopulmonary Dysplasia](#)

- [Budd-Chiari Syndrome](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Carotid Artery Diseases](#)
- [Carotid Stenosis](#)
- [Cerebral Hemorrhage](#)
- [Cerebral Infarction](#)
- [Cerebral Palsy](#)
- [Cerebrovascular Accident](#)
- [Cerebrovascular Disorders](#)
- [Chorioamnionitis](#)
- [Chronic Disease](#)
- [Connective Tissue Diseases](#)
- [Constriction](#)
- [Coronary Artery Disease](#)
- [Coronary Disease](#)
- [Coronary Restenosis](#)
- [Coronary Stenosis](#)
- [Coronary Thrombosis](#)
- [Diabetes Complications](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Diabetic Angiopathies](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Factor VII Deficiency](#)
- [Factor XIII Deficiency](#)

- [Fetal Diseases](#)
- [Fetal Membranes](#)
- [Genetic Diseases](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Heart Defects](#)
- [Hemophilia A](#)
- [Hemorrhage](#)
- [Hemorrhagic Disease of Newborn](#)
- [Hemorrhagic Disorders](#)
- [Hepatitis](#)
- [Hypercholesterolemia](#)
- [Hyperlipidemias](#)
- [Hyperlipoproteinemia Type II](#)
- [Hypertension](#)
- [Infant](#)
- [Infection](#)
- [Inflammation](#)
- [Insulin Resistance](#)
- [Intracranial Embolism](#)
- [Intracranial Thrombosis](#)
- [Ischemic Attack](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Leukomalacia](#)
- [Liver Cirrhosis](#)
- [Metabolic Syndrome X](#)

- [Migraine Disorders](#)
- [Musculoskeletal Diseases](#)
- [Myocardial Infarction](#)
- [Myocardial Ischemia](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Obesity](#)
- [Obstetric Labor](#)
- [Osteoporosis](#)
- [Periodontitis](#)
- [Peripheral Vascular Diseases](#)
- [Pre-Eclampsia](#)
- [Pregnancy Complications](#)
- [Premature Birth](#)
- [Recurrence](#)
- [Sepsis](#)
- [Skin Diseases](#)
- [Stroke](#)
- [Subarachnoid Hemorrhage](#)
- [Thromboembolism](#)
- [Thrombophilia](#)
- [Thrombosis](#)
- [Venous Thrombosis](#)
- [Vitamin K Deficiency](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)