

ACVR1C rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00130399-K Size 100 ug x up to 3

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human ACVR1C peptide using ARM Technology.
lmmunogen	A synthetic peptide of human ACVR1C is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (<u>ARM Technology</u>).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Isotype	lgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human ACVR1C peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by Western Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit lgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	 Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding F(ab)₂, lgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

Applications

Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download



ELISA

Gene Info — ACVR1C	
Entrez GeneID	130399
GeneBank Accession#	ACVR1C
Gene Name	ACVR1C
Gene Alias	ACVRLK7, ALK7
Gene Description	activin A receptor, type IC
Omim ID	<u>608981</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	ACVR1C is a type I receptor for the TGFB (see MIM 190180) family of signaling molecules. Upon ligand binding, type I receptors phosphorylate cytoplasmic SMAD transcription factors, which then translocate to the nucleus and interact directly with DNA or in complex with other transcription fact ors (Bondestam et al., 2001 [PubMed 12063393]).[supplied by OMIM
Other Designations	activin receptor-like kinase 7

Pathway

- Adherens junction
- Chronic myeloid leukemia
- Colorectal cancer
- Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction
- Endocytosis
- MAPK signaling pathway
- Pancreatic cancer
- Pathways in cancer
- TGF-beta signaling pathway



Disease

- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Obesity
- Ovarian Failure
- Polycystic Ovary Syndrome
- Puberty
- Thrombophilia
- Tobacco Use Disorder