

DNAxPAb

Hard-to-Find Antibody

ATP6V1D DNAxPab

Catalog # H00051382-W01P Size 200 ug

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a partial-length human ATP6V1D DNA using DNAx™ Imm une technology.
Technology	DNAx™ Immune
Immunogen	Extracellular membrane domain (ECD) human DNA
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against mammalian transfected lysate.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download

- Immunofluorescence (Transfected cell)
- Flow Cytometry (Transfected cell)

Gene Info — ATP6V1D



Product Information

Entrez GeneID	<u>51382</u>
GeneBank Accession#	NM_015994.2
Protein Accession#	NP_057078.1
Gene Name	ATP6V1D
Gene Alias	ATP6M, VATD, VMA8
Gene Description	ATPase, H+ transporting, lysosomal 34kDa, V1 subunit D
Omim ID	609398
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that me diates acidification of eukaryotic intracellular organelles. V-ATPase dependent organelle acidific ation is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, recepto r-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. V-ATPase is compose d of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 domain consists of three A and three B subunits, two G subunits plus the C, D, E, F, and H subunits. The V1 domain contains the ATP catalytic site. The V0 domain consists of five different subunits: a, c, c', c", and d. Additio nal isoforms of many of the V1 and V0 subunit proteins are encoded by multiple genes or alternati vely spliced transcript variants. This gene encodes the V1 domain D subunit protein. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	ATPase, H+ transporting lysosomal, member M ATPase, H+ transporting, lysosomal (vacuolar pr oton pump) ATPase, H+ transporting, lysosomal 34kD, V1 subunit D ATPase, H+ transporting, lysosomal, 28 kD accessory protein H(+)-transporting two-sector ATPase H(+

Pathway

- Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection
- Metabolic pathways
- Oxidative phosphorylation
- Vibrio cholerae infection

Disease

- Cardiovascular Diseases
- Diabetes Mellitus



• Edema