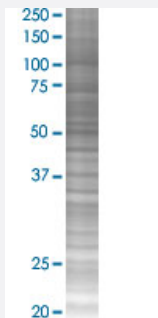


GIT2 293T Cell Transient Overexpression Lysate(Denatured)

Catalog # H00009815-T02

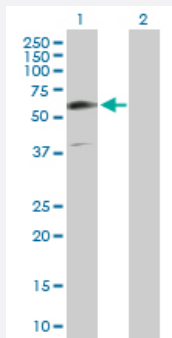
Size 100 uL

Applications



SDS-PAGE Gel

GIT2 transfected lysate.



Western Blot

Lane 1: GIT2 transfected lysate (52.60 KDa)

Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.

Specification

| | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Transfected Cell Line | 293T |
| Plasmid | pCMV-GIT2 full-length |
| Host | Human |
| Theoretical MW (kDa) | 52.6 |
| Interspecies Antigen Sequence | Mouse (93); Rat (95) |

Quality Control Testing

Transient overexpression cell lysate was tested with Anti-GIT2 antibody ([H00009815-D01P](#)) by Western Blots.
SDS-PAGE Gel
GIT2 transfected lysate.
Western Blot
Lane 1: GIT2 transfected lysate (52.60 KDa)
Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.

Storage Buffer

1X Sample Buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl, 2% SDS, 10% glycerol, 300 mM 2-mercaptoethanol, 0.01% Bromophenol blue)

Storage Instruction

Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

- Western Blot

Gene Info — GIT2

Entrez GeneID[9815](#)**GeneBank Accession#**[NM_139201](#)**Protein Accession#**[NP_631940.1](#)**Gene Name**

GIT2

Gene Alias

CAT-2, DKFZp686G01261, KIAA0148, MGC760

Gene Description

G protein-coupled receptor kinase interacting ArfGAP 2

Omim ID[608564](#)**Gene Ontology**[Hyperlink](#)**Gene Summary**

This gene encodes a member of the GIT protein family, which interact with G protein-coupled receptor kinases and possess ADP-ribosylation factor (ARF) GTPase-activating protein (GAP) activity. GIT proteins traffic between cytoplasmic complexes, focal adhesions, and the cell periphery, and interact with Pak interacting exchange factor beta (PIX) to form large oligomeric complexes that transiently recruit other proteins. GIT proteins regulate cytoskeletal dynamics and participate in receptor internalization and membrane trafficking. This gene has been shown to repress lamellipodial extension and focal adhesion turnover, and is thought to regulate cell motility. This gene undergoes extensive alternative splicing to generate multiple isoforms, but the full-length nature of some of these variants has not been determined. The various isoforms have functional differences, with respect to ARF GAP activity and to G protein-coupled receptor kinase 2 binding. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations

ARF GTPase-activating protein GIT2|G protein-coupled receptor kinase interactor 2|GRK-interacting protein 2|cool-associated, tyrosine phosphorylated protein 2

Pathway

- [Endocytosis](#)