S100B rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00006285-K Size 100 ug x up to 3

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human S100B peptide using ARM Technology.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human S100B is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Isotype	IgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human S100B peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by We stern Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit IgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	1. Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. 2. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding $F(ab)_2$, IgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

Applications

- Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

  Protocol Download

- ELISA

Gene Info — S100B

Entrez GeneID	6285
GeneBank Accession#	S100B
Gene Name	S100B
Gene Alias	NEF, S100, S100beta
Gene Description	S100 calcium binding protein B
Omim ID	176990
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the S100 family of proteins containing 2 EF-hand calcium-binding motifs. S100 proteins are localized in the cytoplasm and/or nucleus of a wide range of cells, and involved in the regulation of a number of cellular processes such as cell cycle progression and differentiation. S100 genes include at least 13 members which are located as a cluster on chromosome 1q21; however, this gene is located at 21q22.3. This protein may function in Neurite extension, proliferation of melanoma cells, stimulation of Ca2+ fluxes, inhibition of PKC-mediated phosphorylation, astrocytosis and axonal proliferation, and inhibition of microtubule assembly. Chromosomal rearrangements and altered expression of this gene have been implicated in several neurological, neoplastic, and other types of diseases, including Alzheimer's disease, Down's syndrome, epilepsy, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, melanoma, and type I diabetes. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000174958|S-100 calcium-binding protein, beta chain|S100 beta|S100 calcium binding protein, beta (neural)|S100 calcium-binding protein, beta|S100 calcium-binding protein, beta (neural)

Disease

- Alzheimer disease
- Bipolar Disorder
- Cognition Disorders
- Dementia
- Depressive Disorder
- Diseases in Twins

- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Mental Disorders
- Neuropsychological Tests
- Psychotic Disorders
- Schizophrenia