

## PSMD7 rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00005713-K Size 100 ug x up to 3

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human PSMD7 peptide using ARM Technology.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human PSMD7 is used for rabbit immunization.  Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Isotype	lgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human PSMD7 peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by W estern Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit lgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	<ol> <li>Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening.</li> <li>Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding F(ab)<sub>2</sub>, lgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.</li> </ol>

## **Applications**

Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download



ELISA

Gene Info — PSMD7	
Entrez GenelD	<u>5713</u>
GeneBank Accession#	PSMD7
Gene Name	PSMD7
Gene Alias	MOV34, P40, Rpn8, S12
Gene Description	proteasome (prosome, macropain) 26S subunit, non-ATPase, 7
Omim ID	<u>157970</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	The 26S proteasome is a multicatalytic proteinase complex with a highly ordered structure composed of 2 complexes, a 20S core and a 19S regulator. The 20S core is composed of 4 rings of 28 non-identical subunits; 2 rings are composed of 7 alpha subunits and 2 rings are composed of 7 beta subunits. The 19S regulator is composed of a base, which contains 6 ATPase subunits and 2 non-ATPase subunits, and a lid, which contains up to 10 non-ATPase subunits. Proteasomes ar e distributed throughout eukaryotic cells at a high concentration and cleave peptides in an ATP/ub iquitin-dependent process in a non-lysosomal pathway. An essential function of a modified protea some, the immunoproteasome, is the processing of class I MHC peptides. This gene encodes a non-ATPase subunit of the 19S regulator. A pseudogene has been identified on chromosome 17. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 7 26S proteasome regulatory subunit S12 Molon ey leukemia virus-34 proviral integration Mov34 homolog proteasome (prosome, macropain) 26S subunit, non-ATPase, 7 (Mov34 homolog) proteasome 26S non-ATPase subunit

## Pathway

• Proteasome

## Disease

Genetic Predisposition to Disease