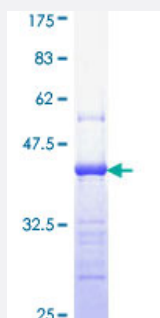


PCNA (Human) Recombinant Protein (Q01)

Catalog # H00005111-Q01

Size 25 ug, 10 ug

Applications



Specification

Product Description	Human PCNA partial ORF (NP_002583, 152 a.a. - 261 a.a.) recombinant protein with GST-tag at N-terminal.
Sequence	SHIGDAVVISCAKDGVKFSASGELGNGNIKLSQTSNVDKEEEAVTIEMNEPVQLTFALRYLNFFTK ATPLSSTVTLSMSADVPLVVEYKIADMGHLKYLLAPKIEDEEGS
Host	Wheat Germ (in vitro)
Theoretical MW (kDa)	37.84
Preparation Method	in vitro wheat germ expression system
Purification	Glutathione Sepharose 4 Fast Flow
Quality Control Testing	12.5% SDS-PAGE Stained with Coomassie Blue.
Storage Buffer	50 mM Tris-HCl, 10 mM reduced Glutathione, pH=8.0 in the elution buffer.
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	Best use within three months from the date of receipt of this protein.

Applications

- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay
- Western Blot (Recombinant protein)
- Antibody Production
- Protein Array

Gene Info — PCNA

Entrez GeneID [5111](#)

GeneBank Accession# [NM_002592](#)

Protein Accession# [NP_002583](#)

Gene Name PCNA

Gene Alias MGC8367

Gene Description proliferating cell nuclear antigen

Omim ID [176740](#)

Gene Ontology [Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary The protein encoded by this gene is found in the nucleus and is a cofactor of DNA polymerase delta. The encoded protein acts as a homotrimer and helps increase the processivity of leading strand synthesis during DNA replication. In response to DNA damage, this protein is ubiquitinated and is involved in the RAD6-dependent DNA repair pathway. Two transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene. Pseudogenes of this gene have been described on chromosome 4 and on the X chromosome. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations DNA polymerase delta auxiliary protein|OTTHUMP00000030189|OTTHUMP00000030190|cyclin

Pathway

- [Base excision repair](#)
- [Cell cycle](#)
- [DNA replication](#)

- [Mismatch repair](#)
- [Nucleotide excision repair](#)

Disease

- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Ataxia telangiectasia](#)
- [Brain Neoplasms](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Colorectal Neoplasms](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [DNA Damage](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Glioma](#)
- [Graft vs Host Disease](#)
- [Head and Neck Neoplasms](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Laryngeal Neoplasms](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Meningeal Neoplasms](#)
- [Meningioma](#)
- [Mouth Neoplasms](#)
- [Multiple Sclerosis](#)
- [Neuroma](#)

- [Ovarian Neoplasms](#)
- [Papillomavirus Infections](#)
- [Pharyngeal Neoplasms](#)
- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Uterine Cervical Neoplasms](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)