

GCG rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00002641-K Size 100 ug x up to 3

| Specification | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Product Description | Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human GCG peptide using ARM Technology. |
| Immunogen | A synthetic peptide of human GCG is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence. |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Library Construction | Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology). |
| Expression | Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line. |
| Reactivity | Human |
| Purification | Protein A |
| Isotype | lgG |
| Quality Control Testing | Antibody reactive against human GCG peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by West em Blot. |
| Storage Buffer | In 1x PBS, pH 7.4 |
| Storage Instruction | Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing. |
| Deliverable | Up to three rabbit lgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer. |
| Note | Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding F(ab)₂, lgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request. |

Applications

Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download



ELISA

| Gene Info — GCG | |
|---------------------|--|
| Entrez GenelD | <u>2641</u> |
| GeneBank Accession# | GCG |
| Gene Name | GCG |
| Gene Alias | GLP1, GLP2, GRPP |
| Gene Description | glucagon |
| Omim ID | <u>138030</u> |
| Gene Ontology | <u>Hyperlink</u> |
| Gene Summary | The protein encoded by this gene is actually a preproprotein that is cleaved into four distinct matur e peptides. One of these, glucagon, is a pancreatic hormone that counteracts the glucose-lowerin g action of insulin by stimulating glycogenolysis and gluconeogenesis. Glucagon is a ligand for a s pecific G-protein linked receptor whose signalling pathway controls cell proliferation. Two of the ot her peptides are secreted from gut endocrine cells and promote nutrient absorption through distin ct mechanisms. Finally, the fourth peptide is similar to glicentin, an active enteroglucagon. [provided by RefSeq |
| Other Designations | glicentin-related polypeptide glucagon-like peptide 1 glucagon-like peptide 2 |

Pathway

Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction

Disease

- Atherosclerosis
- Calcinosis
- Cardiovascular Diseases
- Coronary Artery Disease
- Diabetes Mellitus



- Drug Toxicity
- Edema
- Obesity