Proteoliposomes | Full-Length

FGFR1 (Human) Recombinant Protein

Catalog # H00002260-G01 Size 10 ug

Specification

Product Description	Human FGFR1 full-length ORF (NP_075594.1) recombinant protein without tag. This product is belong to Proteoliposome (PL).
Sequence	MWSWKCLLFWAVLVTATLCTARPSPTLPEQDALPSSEDDDDDDDSSSEEKETDNTKPNPVAPY WTSPEKMEKKLHAVPAAKTVKFKCPSSGTPNPTLRWLKNGKEFKPDHRIGGYKVRYATWSIIMDS VVPSDKGNYTCIVENEYGSINHTYQLDVVERSPHRPILQAGLPANKTVALGSNVEFMCKVYSDPQ PHIQWLKHIEVNGSKIGPDNLPYVQILKTAGVNTTDKEMEVLHLRNVSFEDAGEYTCLAGNSIGLSH HSAWLTVLEALEERPAVMTSPLYLEIIIYCTGAFLISCMVGSVIVYKMKSGTKKSDFHSQMAVHKLA KSIPLRRQVTVSADSSASMNSGVLLVRPSRLSSSGTPMLAGVSEYELPEDPRWELPRDRLVLGK PLGEGCFGQVVLAEAIGLDKDKPNRVTKVAVKMLKSDATEKDLSDLISEMEMMKMIGKHKNIINLL GACTQDGPLYVIVEYASKGNLREYLQARRPPGLEYCYNPSHNPEEQLSSKDLVSCAYQVARGME YLASKKCIHRDLAARNVLVTEDNVMKIADFGLARDIHHIDYYKKTTNGRLPVKWMAPEALFDRIYTH QSDVWSFGVLLWEIFTLGGSPYPGVPVEELFKLLKEGHRMDKPSNCTNELYMMMRDCWHAVPS QRPTFKQLVEDLDRIVALTSNQEYLDLSMPLDQYSPSFPDTRSSTCSSGEDSVFSHEPLPEEPCL PRHPAQLANGGLKRR
Host	Wheat Germ (in vitro)
Theoretical MW (kDa)	81.90000000000001
Form	Liquid
Preparation Method	*in vitro* wheat germ expression system with proprietary liposome technology
Purification	None
Recommend Usage	Heating may cause protein aggregation. Please do not heat this product before electrophoresis.
Storage Buffer	25 mM Tris-HCl of pH8.0 containing 2% glycerol.
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	Best use within three months from the date of receipt of this protein.

Applications

- Antibody Production

Gene Info — FGFR1

Entrez GeneID	2260
GeneBank Accession#	NM_023106.2
Protein Accession#	NP_075594.1
Gene Name	FGFR1
Gene Alias	BFGFR, CD331, CEK, FGFBR, FLG, FLJ99988, FLT2, HBGFR, KAL2, N-SAM
Gene Description	fibroblast growth factor receptor 1
Omim ID	101600 123150 136350 147950
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the fibroblast growth factor receptor (FGFR) family, where amino acid sequence is highly conserved between members and throughout evolution. FGFR family members differ from one another in their ligand affinities and tissue distribution. A full-length representative protein consists of an extracellular region, composed of three immunoglobulin-like domains, a single hydrophobic membrane-spanning segment and a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain. The extracellular portion of the protein interacts with fibroblast growth factors, setting in motion a cascade of downstream signals, ultimately influencing mitogenesis and differentiation. This particular family member binds both acidic and basic fibroblast growth factors and is involved in limb induction. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Pfeiffer syndrome, Jackson-Weiss syndrome, Antley-Bixler syndrome, osteoglophonic dysplasia, and autosomal dominant Kallmann syndrome 2. Chromosomal aberrations involving this gene are associated with stem cell myeloproliferative disorder and stem cell leukemia lymphoma syndrome. Alternatively spliced variants which encode different protein isoforms have been described; however, not all variants have been fully characterized. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	FMS-like tyrosine kinase 2|OTTHUMP00000190874|OTTHUMP00000190878|OTTHUMP00000190879|OTTHUMP00000190881|basic fibroblast growth factor receptor 1|fms-related tyrosine kinase 2|fms-related tyrosine kinase-2|heparin-binding growth factor receptor|hydroxyaryl

Pathway

- Adherens junction
- MAPK signaling pathway

- Melanoma
- Pathways in cancer
- Prostate cancer
- Regulation of actin cytoskeleton

Disease

- Abnormalities
- Acrocephalosyndactylia
- Alzheimer disease
- Amenorrhea
- Anodontia
- Breast cancer
- Breast Neoplasms
- Bronchial Hyperreactivity
- Cardiovascular Diseases
- Chromosome Aberrations
- Chromosome Disorders
- Cleft Lip
- Cleft Palate
- Craniofacial Dysostosis
- Craniosynostoses
- Diabetes Complications
- Fractures
- Genetic Diseases
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Hypersensitivity

- Hypogonadism
- Kallmann Syndrome
- Metabolic Syndrome X
- Neoplasms
- Obesity
- Osteoporosis
- Ovarian Failure
- Polycystic Ovary Syndrome
- Puberty
- Schizophrenia
- Sleep Apnea
- Thrombophilia
- Thyroid Neoplasms
- Tobacco Use Disorder
- Tooth Abnormalities