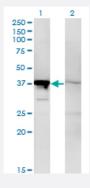


# MAPK14 monoclonal antibody (M02), clone 1C9

Catalog # H00001432-M02 Size 100 ug

# **Applications**



## Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Western Blot analysis of MAPK14 expression in transfected 293T cell line by MAPK14 monoclonal antibody (M02), clone 1C9.

Lane 1: MAPK14 transfected lysate(41.3 KDa).

Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.



Western Blot detection against Immunogen (36.63 KDa).

Specification	
Product Description	Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a partial recombinant MAPK14.
Immunogen	MAPK14 (NP_001306, 2 a.a. ~ 100 a.a) partial recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa.
Sequence	SQERPTFYRQELNKTIWEVPERYQNLSPVGSGAYGSVCAAFDTKTGLRVAVKKLSRPFQSIIHAKR TYRELRLLKHMKHENVIGLLDVFTPARSLEEFN
Host	Mouse
Reactivity	Human
Isotype	lgG2b Kappa



## **Product Information**

Quality Control Testing	Antibody Reactive Against Recombinant Protein. Western Blot detection against Immunogen (36.63 KDa).
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

# **Applications**

Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Western Blot analysis of MAPK14 expression in transfected 293T cell line by MAPK14 monoclonal antibody (M02), clone 1C9.

Lane 1: MAPK14 transfected lysate(41.3 KDa).

Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.

Protocol Download

Western Blot (Recombinant protein)

**Protocol Download** 

ELISA

Gene Info — MAPK14	
Entrez GeneID	1432
GeneBank Accession#	NM_001315
Protein Accession#	NP_001306
Gene Name	MAPK14
Gene Alias	CSBP1, CSBP2, CSPB1, EXIP, Mxi2, PRKM14, PRKM15, RK, SAPK2A, p38, p38ALPHA
Gene Description	mitogen-activated protein kinase 14
Omim ID	600289
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink



### **Product Information**

#### **Gene Summary**

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the MAP kinase family. MAP kinases act as an integration point for multiple biochemical signals, and are involved in a wide variety of cellular processes such as proliferation, differentiation, transcription regulation and development. This kinase is activated by various environmental stresses and proinflammatory cytokines. The activation requires its phosphorylation by MAP kinase kinases (MKKs), or its autophosphorylation triggered by the interaction of MAP3K7IP1/TAB1 protein with this kinase. The substrates of this kinase include transcription regulator ATF2, MEF2C, and MAX, cell cycle regulator CDC25B, and tumor suppressor p53, which suggest the roles of this kinase in stress related transcription and cell cycle regulation, as well as in genotoxic stress response. Four alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene encoding distinct isoforms have been reported. [provided by RefSeq

#### **Other Designations**

Csaids binding protein|MAP kinase Mxi2|MAX-interacting protein 2|cytokine suppressive anti-infl ammatory drug binding protein|p38 MAP kinase|p38 mitogen activated protein kinase|p38alpha Exip|stress-activated protein kinase 2A

## **Pathway**

- Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)
- Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection
- Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway
- GnRH signaling pathway
- Leukocyte transendothelial migration
- MAPK signaling pathway
- Neurotrophin signaling pathway
- T cell receptor signaling pathway
- Toll-like receptor signaling pathway
- VEGF signaling pathway

### Disease

- Cardiovascular Diseases
- Diabetes Mellitus
- Disease Models
- Edema



- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- HIV Infections
- Narcolepsy
- Obesity
- Ovarian Failure
- Polycystic Ovary Syndrome
- Puberty
- Schizophrenia
- Thrombophilia
- Tobacco Use Disorder