## MAPK14 rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00001432-K Siz

Specification

Size 100 ug x up to 3

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Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human MAPK14 peptide using ARM Technology.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human MAPK14 is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen ( <u>ARM Technology</u> ).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
lsotype	lgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human MAPK14 peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by Western Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit IgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	<ol> <li>Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening.</li> <li>Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding F(ab)<sub>2</sub>, lgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.</li> </ol>

### Applications

• Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download

• ELISA

Gene Info — MAPK14	
Entrez GenelD	<u>1432</u>
GeneBank Accession#	MAPK14
Gene Name	MAPK14
Gene Alias	CSBP1, CSBP2, CSPB1, EXIP, Mxi2, PRKM14, PRKM15, RK, SAPK2A, p38, p38ALPHA
Gene Description	mitogen-activated protein kinase 14
Omim ID	<u>600289</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the MAP kinase family. MAP kinases act as an integration point for multiple biochemical signals, and are involved in a wide variety of cellular pro cesses such as proliferation, differentiation, transcription regulation and development. This kinase is activated by various environmental stresses and proinflammatory cytokines. The activation requ ires its phosphorylation by MAP kinase kinases (MKKs), or its autophosphorylation triggered by t he interaction of MAP3K7IP1/TAB1 protein with this kinase. The substrates of this kinase include transcription regulator ATF2, MEF2C, and MAX, cell cycle regulator CDC25B, and tumor suppres sor p53, which suggest the roles of this kinase in stress related transcription and cell cycle regulat ion, as well as in genotoxic stress response. Four alternatively spliced transcript variants of this g ene encoding distinct isoforms have been reported. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	Csaids binding protein MAP kinase Mxi2 MAX-interacting protein 2 cytokine suppressive anti-infl ammatory drug binding protein p38 MAP kinase p38 mitogen activated protein kinase p38alpha Exip stress-activated protein kinase 2A

### Pathway

- Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)
- Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection
- Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway
- GnRH signaling pathway
- Leukocyte transendothelial migration
- MAPK signaling pathway

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### **Product Information**

- Neurotrophin signaling pathway
- <u>T cell receptor signaling pathway</u>
- Toll-like receptor signaling pathway
- VEGF signaling pathway

#### Disease

- <u>Cardiovascular Diseases</u>
- Diabetes Mellitus
- Disease Models
- Edema
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- <u>HIV Infections</u>
- Narcolepsy
- <u>Obesity</u>
- Ovarian Failure
- Polycystic Ovary Syndrome
- Puberty
- Schizophrenia
- Thrombophilia
- Tobacco Use Disorder