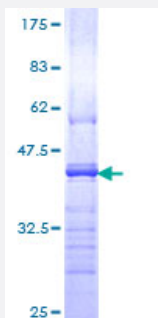


CDH1 (Human) Recombinant Protein (Q01)

Catalog # H00000999-Q01

Size 25 ug, 10 ug

Applications



Specification

Product Description	Human CDH1 partial ORF (NP_004351, 381 a.a. - 480 a.a.) recombinant protein with GST-tag at N-terminal.
Sequence	KGQVPENEANVVITTLKVTADAPNTPAWEAVYILNDDGGQFVVTNPVNNDGILKTAKGLDFEAKQQYLHVAVTNVVPFEVSLTTSTATVTVDVLDV
Host	Wheat Germ (in vitro)
Theoretical MW (kDa)	36.74
Preparation Method	in vitro wheat germ expression system
Purification	Glutathione Sepharose 4 Fast Flow
Quality Control Testing	12.5% SDS-PAGE Stained with Coomassie Blue.
Storage Buffer	50 mM Tris-HCl, 10 mM reduced Glutathione, pH=8.0 in the elution buffer.
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	Best use within three months from the date of receipt of this protein.

Applications

- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay
- Western Blot (Recombinant protein)
- Antibody Production
- Protein Array

Gene Info — CDH1

Entrez GeneID [999](#)

GeneBank Accession# [NM_004360](#)

Protein Accession# [NP_004351](#)

Gene Name CDH1

Gene Alias Arc-1, CD324, CDHE, ECAD, LCAM, UVO

Gene Description cadherin 1, type 1, E-cadherin (epithelial)

Omim ID [137215 192090](#)

Gene Ontology [Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary This gene is a classical cadherin from the cadherin superfamily. The encoded protein is a calcium dependent cell-cell adhesion glycoprotein comprised of five extracellular cadherin repeats, a trans membrane region and a highly conserved cytoplasmic tail. Mutations in this gene are correlated with gastric, breast, colorectal, thyroid and ovarian cancer. Loss of function is thought to contribute to progression in cancer by increasing proliferation, invasion, and/or metastasis. The ectodomain of this protein mediates bacterial adhesion to mammalian cells and the cytoplasmic domain is required for internalization. Identified transcript variants arise from mutation at consensus splice sites. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations cadherin 1, E-cadherin (epithelial)|cadherin 1, type 1|calcium-dependent adhesion protein, epithelial|cell-CAM 120/80|uvomorulin

Pathway

- [Adherens junction](#)
- [Bladder cancer](#)

- [Cell adhesion molecules \(CAMs\)](#)
- [Endometrial cancer](#)
- [Melanoma](#)
- [Pathogenic Escherichia coli infection - EHEC](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)
- [Thyroid cancer](#)

Disease

- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Asthma](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Bronchiolitis](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Cleft Lip](#)
- [Cleft Palate](#)
- [Colitis](#)
- [Colorectal Neoplasms](#)
- [Crohn Disease](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Glaucoma](#)
- [Head and Neck Neoplasms](#)
- [Helicobacter Infections](#)
- [Hepatitis B](#)

- [Infant](#)
- [Kidney Neoplasms](#)
- [Laryngeal Neoplasms](#)
- [Leiomyoma](#)
- [Liver Neoplasms](#)
- [Low Tension Glaucoma](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Lymphatic Metastasis](#)
- [Meningeal Neoplasms](#)
- [Meningioma](#)
- [Mouth Neoplasms](#)
- [Nasopharyngeal Neoplasms](#)
- [Neoplasm Invasiveness](#)
- [Neoplasm Metastasis](#)
- [Neoplasm Recurrence](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Neoplastic Syndromes](#)
- [Obesity](#)
- [Ocular Hypertension](#)
- [Ovarian cancer](#)
- [Ovarian Neoplasms](#)
- [Pancreatic cancer](#)
- [Pancreatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Pharyngeal Neoplasms](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Prostatic Hyperplasia](#)

- [Prostatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Respiratory Syncytial Virus Infections](#)
- [Stomach Neoplasms](#)
- [Tooth Abnormalities](#)
- [Ureteral Neoplasms](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Urinary Calculi](#)
- [Urologic Neoplasms](#)
- [Uterine Neoplasms](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)