CD68 rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00000968-K

ocification

Size 100 ug x up to 3

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human CD68 peptide using ARM Technology.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human CD68 is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
lsotype	lgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human CD68 peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by We stern Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit IgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	 Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding F(ab)₂, lgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

Applications

• Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download



• ELISA

Gene Info — CD68	
Entrez GenelD	<u>968</u>
GeneBank Accession#	<u>CD68</u>
Gene Name	CD68
Gene Alias	DKFZp686M18236, GP110, SCARD1
Gene Description	CD68 molecule
Omim ID	<u>153634</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	This gene encodes a 110-kD transmembrane glycoprotein that is highly expressed by human mo nocytes and tissue macrophages. It is a member of the lysosomal/endosomal-associated membr ane glycoprotein (LAMP) family. The protein primarily localizes to lysosomes and endosomes wit h a smaller fraction circulating to the cell surface. It is a type I integral membrane protein with a he avily glycosylated extracellular domain and binds to tissue- and organ-specific lectins or selectins. The protein is also a member of the scavenger receptor family. Scavenger receptors typically func tion to clear cellular debris, promote phagocytosis, and mediate the recruitment and activation of macrophages. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcripts encoding different isoforms. [provi ded by RefSeq
Other Designations	CD68 antigen OTTHUMP00000135285 macrophage antigen CD68 macrosialin scavenger recep tor class D, member 1

Pathway

• Lysosome