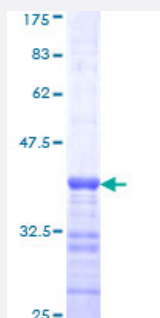


BAX (Human) Recombinant Protein (Q01)

Catalog # H00000581-Q01

Size 25 ug, 10 ug

Applications



Specification

Product Description	Human BAX partial ORF (NP_620116, 1 a.a. - 100 a.a.) recombinant protein with GST-tag at N-terminal.
Sequence	MDGSGEQPRGGGPTSSEQIMKTGALLLQGFIQDRAGRMGGEAPELALDPVPQDASTKKLSECL KRIGDELDSNMELQRMIAAVD TDSPREVFFRVAADMF
Host	Wheat Germ (in vitro)
Theoretical MW (kDa)	36.74
Preparation Method	in vitro wheat germ expression system
Purification	Glutathione Sepharose 4 Fast Flow
Quality Control Testing	12.5% SDS-PAGE Stained with Coomassie Blue.
Storage Buffer	50 mM Tris-HCl, 10 mM reduced Glutathione, pH=8.0 in the elution buffer.
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	Best use within three months from the date of receipt of this protein.

Applications

- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay
- Western Blot (Recombinant protein)
- Antibody Production
- Protein Array

Gene Info — BAX

Entrez GeneID [581](#)

GeneBank Accession# [NM_138761](#)

Protein Accession# [NP_620116](#)

Gene Name BAX

Gene Alias BCL2L4

Gene Description BCL2-associated X protein

Omim ID [600040](#)

Gene Ontology [Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the BCL2 protein family. BCL2 family members form hetero- or homodimers and act as anti- or pro-apoptotic regulators that are involved in a wide variety of cellular activities. This protein forms a heterodimer with BCL2, and functions as an apoptotic activator. This protein is reported to interact with, and increase the opening of, the mitochondrial voltage-dependent anion channel (VDAC), which leads to the loss in membrane potential and the release of cytochrome c. The expression of this gene is regulated by the tumor suppressor P53 and has been shown to be involved in P53-mediated apoptosis. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants, which encode different isoforms, have been reported for this gene. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations apoptosis regulator BAX

Publication Reference

- [Drp1 Mediates Caspase-Independent Type III Cell Death in Normal and Leukemic Cells.](#)

Bras M, Yuste VJ, Roue G, Barbier S, Sancho P, Virely C, Rubio M, Baudet S, Esquerda JE, Merle-Beral H, Sarfati M, Susin SA.

Molecular and Cellular Biology 2007 Aug; 27(20):7073.

Application: WB, Human, Jurkat cells

Pathway

- [Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis \(ALS\)](#)
- [Apoptosis](#)
- [Colorectal cancer](#)
- [Neurotrophin signaling pathway](#)
- [p53 signaling pathway](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)
- [Prion diseases](#)

Disease

- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Ataxia Telangiectasia](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Colon cancer](#)
- [Colonic Neoplasms](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)

- [Genomic Instability](#)
- [Head and Neck Neoplasms](#)
- [Helicobacter Infections](#)
- [Hematologic Diseases](#)
- [Hodgkin Disease](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Leukemia](#)
- [Liver Cirrhosis](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Lymphoma](#)
- [Lymphoproliferative Disorders](#)
- [Multiple Sclerosis](#)
- [Neoplasm Recurrence](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Neovascularization](#)
- [Occupational Diseases](#)
- [Osteomyelitis](#)
- [Parkinson disease](#)
- [Pemphigus](#)
- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Stomach Neoplasms](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Waldenstrom Macroglobulinemia](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)