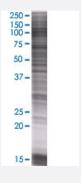


AXL 293T Cell Transient Overexpression Lysate(Denatured)

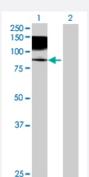
Catalog # H00000558-T01 Size 100 uL

Applications



SDS-PAGE Gel

AXL transfected lysate.



Western Blot

Lane 1: AXL transfected lysate (98.45 KDa)

Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.

Specification	
Transfected Cell Line	293T
Plasmid	pCMV-AXL full-length
Host	Human
Theoretical MW (kDa)	98.45
Quality Control Testing	Transient overexpression cell lysate was tested with Anti-AXL antibody (H00000558-B01) by Wester n Blots. SDS-PAGE Gel AXL transfected lysate. Western Blot Lane 1: AXL transfected lysate (98.45 KDa) Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.



Product Information

Storage Buffer	1X Sample Buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl, 2% SDS, 10% glycerol, 300 mM 2-mercaptoethanol, 0.01% Bro mophenol blue)
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

Western Blot

Gene Info — AXL	
Entrez GenelD	<u>558</u>
GeneBank Accession#	BC032229.1
Protein Accession#	AAH32229.1
Gene Name	AXL
Gene Alias	JTK11, UFO
Gene Description	AXL receptor tyrosine kinase
Omim ID	<u>109135</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the receptor tyrosine kinase subfamily. Although it is similar to other receptor tyrosine kinases, this protein represents a unique structure of the extr acellular region that juxtaposes IgL and FNIII repeats. It transduces signals from the extracellular m atrix into the cytoplasm by binding growth factors like vitamin K-dependent protein growth-arrest-s pecific gene 6. It is involved in the stimulation of cell proliferation and can also mediate cell aggre gation by homophilic binding. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	AXL transforming sequence/gene oncogene AXL

Disease

- Cardiovascular Diseases
- Carotid Artery Diseases
- Diabetes Mellitus



- Edema
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Stroke