

DNAxPAb

Hard-to-Find Antibody

ATP6V1E1 DNAxPab

Catalog # H00000529-W01P Size 200 ug

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a partial-length human ATP6V1E1 DNA using DNAx™ Im mune technology.
Technology	DNAx™ Immune
Immunogen	Extracellular membrane domain (ECD) human DNA
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against mammalian transfected lysate.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download

- Immunofluorescence (Transfected cell)
- Flow Cytometry (Transfected cell)

Gene Info — ATP6V1E1



Product Information

Entrez GeneID	<u>529</u>
GeneBank Accession#	NM_001696.3
Protein Accession#	NP_001687.1
Gene Name	ATP6V1E1
Gene Alias	ATP6E, ATP6E2, ATP6V1E, P31, Vma4
Gene Description	ATPase, H+ transporting, lysosomal 31kDa, V1 subunit E1
Omim ID	<u>108746</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that me diates acidification of eukaryotic intracellular organelles. V-ATPase dependent organelle acidific ation is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, recepto r-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. V-ATPase is compose d of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 domain consists of three A, three B, and two G subunits, as well as a C, D, E, F, and H subunit. The V1 domain contains the A TP catalytic site. This gene encodes alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding different V 1 domain E subunit isoforms. Pseudogenes for this gene have been found in the genome. [provid ed by RefSeq
Other Designations	ATPase, H+ transporting, lysosomal (vacuolar proton pump) 31kD H(+)-transporting two-sector A TPase, 31kDa subunit H+-transporting ATP synthase chain E, vacuolar V-ATPase, subunit E vacuolar H+ ATPase E1

Pathway

- Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection
- Metabolic pathways
- Oxidative phosphorylation
- Vibrio cholerae infection