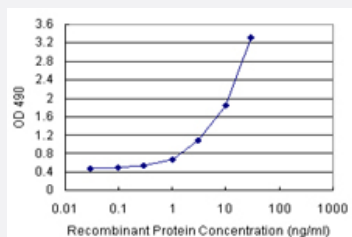


APOA4 (Human) Matched Antibody Pair

Catalog # H00000337-AP21

Size 1 Set

Applications



Sandwich ELISA detection sensitivity ranging from 0.3 ng/ml to 100 ng/ml.

Specification

Product Description	This antibody pair set comes with a matched antibody pair to detect and quantify the protein level of human APOA4.
Reactivity	Human
Quality Control Testing	Standard curve using recombinant protein (H00000337-P01) as an analyte. Sandwich ELISA detection sensitivity ranging from 0.3 ng/ml to 100 ng/ml.
Supplied Product	Antibody pair set content: 1. Capture antibody: rabbit MaxPab® affinity purified polyclonal anti-APOA4 (100 ug) 2. Detection antibody: mouse purified polyclonal anti-APOA4 (20 ug) *Reagents are sufficient for at least 1-2 x 96 well plates using recommended protocols.
Storage Instruction	Store reagents of the antibody pair set at -20°C or lower. Please aliquot to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycle. Reagents should be returned to -20°C storage immediately after use.

Applications

- ELISA Pair (Recombinant protein)

[Protocol Download](#)

Gene Info — APOA4

Entrez GeneID [337](#)

Gene Name APOA4

Gene Alias MGC142154, MGC142156

Gene Description apolipoprotein A-IV

Omim ID [107690](#)

Gene Ontology [Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary Apolipoprotein (apo) A-IV gene contains 3 exons separated by two introns. A sequence polymorphism has been identified in the 3'UTR of the third exon. The primary translation product is a 396-residue preprotein which after proteolytic processing is secreted its primary site of synthesis, the intestine, in association with chylomicron particles. Although its precise function is not known, apo A-IV is a potent activator of lecithin-cholesterol acyltransferase in vitro. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations -

Disease

- [Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis](#)
- [Arteriosclerosis](#)
- [Atherosclerosis](#)
- [Brain Ischemia](#)
- [Calcinosis](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Carotid Artery Diseases](#)
- [Cerebrovascular Disorders](#)
- [Constriction](#)
- [Coronary Artery Disease](#)
- [Coronary Disease](#)
- [Depressive Disorder](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)

- [Diabetic Angiopathies](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Diseases in Twins](#)
- [Drug Toxicity](#)
- [Ductus Arteriosus](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Gallstones](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Hypercholesterolemia](#)
- [Hyperlipidemia](#)
- [Hyperlipidemias](#)
- [Hyperlipoproteinemia Type II](#)
- [Hyperlipoproteinemia Type IV](#)
- [Hypertension](#)
- [Hypertriglyceridemia](#)
- [Hyperuricemia](#)
- [Infant](#)
- [Inflammation](#)
- [Insulin Resistance](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Lymphoma](#)
- [Metabolic Syndrome X](#)
- [Myocardial Infarction](#)
- [Obesity](#)
- [Obstetric Labor](#)
- [Osteoporosis](#)

- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Pulmonary Embolism](#)
- [Recurrence](#)
- [Stroke](#)
- [Thromboembolism](#)
- [Thrombophilia](#)
- [Thrombosis](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Venous Thrombosis](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)