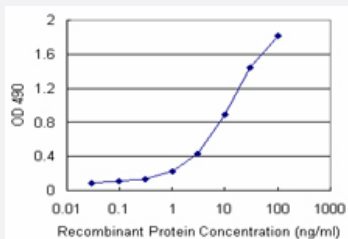


APOA1 (Human) Matched Antibody Pair

Catalog # H000003335-AP21

Size 1 Set

Applications



Sandwich ELISA detection sensitivity ranging from 0.1 ng/ml to 100 ng/ml.

Specification

Product Description	This antibody pair set comes with a matched antibody pair to detect and quantify the protein level of human APOA1.
Reactivity	Human
Quality Control Testing	Standard curve using recombinant protein (H000003335-P01) as an analyte. Sandwich ELISA detection sensitivity ranging from 0.1 ng/ml to 100 ng/ml.
Supplied Product	Antibody pair set content: 1. Capture antibody: rabbit MaxPab® affinity purified polyclonal anti-APOA1 (100 ug) 2. Detection antibody: mouse purified polyclonal anti-APOA1 (20 ug) *Reagents are sufficient for at least 1-2 x 96 well plates using recommended protocols.
Storage Instruction	Store reagents of the antibody pair set at -20°C or lower. Please aliquot to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycle. Reagents should be returned to -20°C storage immediately after use.

Applications

- ELISA Pair (Recombinant protein)

[Protocol Download](#)

Gene Info — APOA1

Entrez GeneID	335
Gene Name	APOA1
Gene Alias	MGC117399
Gene Description	apolipoprotein A-I
Omim ID	107680 604091
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	This gene encodes apolipoprotein A-I, which is the major protein component of high density lipoprotein (HDL) in plasma. The protein promotes cholesterol efflux from tissues to the liver for excretion, and it is a cofactor for lecithin cholesterolacyltransferase (LCAT) which is responsible for the formation of most plasma cholesteryl esters. This gene is closely linked with two other apolipoprotein genes on chromosome 11. Defects in this gene are associated with HDL deficiencies, including Tangier disease, and with systemic non-neuropathic amyloidosis. [provided by RefSeq]
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000069346 OTTHUMP00000069347 OTTHUMP00000069348 apolipoprotein A1

Pathway

- [PPAR signaling pathway](#)

Disease

- [Albuminuria](#)
- [Alzheimer disease](#)
- [Anemia](#)
- [Angina Pectoris](#)
- [Aortic Valve Stenosis](#)
- [Atherosclerosis](#)
- [Brain Ischemia](#)
- [Calcinosis](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)

- [Carotid Artery Diseases](#)
- [Cerebral Hemorrhage](#)
- [Cerebral Infarction](#)
- [Cerebrovascular Accident](#)
- [Cerebrovascular Disorders](#)
- [Chorioamnionitis](#)
- [Cleft Lip](#)
- [Cleft Palate](#)
- [Cognition](#)
- [Cognition Disorders](#)
- [Coronary Artery Disease](#)
- [Coronary Disease](#)
- [Coronary Stenosis](#)
- [Dementia](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Diabetic Angiopathies](#)
- [Diseases in Twins](#)
- [Ductus Arteriosus](#)
- [Dyslipidemias](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Femur Head Necrosis](#)
- [Fetal Membranes](#)
- [Gallstones](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Gout](#)
- [Hepatitis](#)

- [Hepatitis C](#)
- [HIV Infections](#)
- [Hypercholesterolemia](#)
- [Hyperlipidemia](#)
- [Hyperlipidemias](#)
- [Hypertension](#)
- [Hypertriglyceridemia](#)
- [Hyperuricemia](#)
- [Hypolipoproteinemias](#)
- [Infant](#)
- [Inflammation](#)
- [Insulin Resistance](#)
- [Intracranial Aneurysm](#)
- [Intracranial Arteriosclerosis](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Metabolic Syndrome X](#)
- [Multiple Sclerosis](#)
- [Myocardial Infarction](#)
- [Myocardial Ischemia](#)
- [Neuropsychological Tests](#)
- [Obesity](#)
- [Obstetric Labor](#)
- [Postoperative Complications](#)
- [Pre-Eclampsia](#)
- [Premature Birth](#)

- [Recurrence](#)
- [Retinal Diseases](#)
- [Thrombosis](#)
- [Verbal Learning](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)