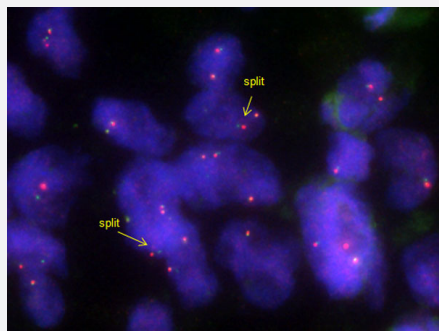


FGFR1 Split FISH Probe

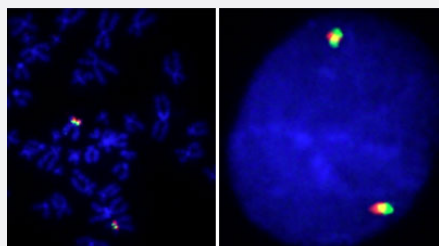
Catalog # FS0025 Size 200 uL, 100 uL

Applications



Fluorescent *In Situ* Hybridization (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Human lung cancer (FFPE) stained with FGFR1 Split FISH Probe. Human lung cancer showed FGFR1 gene split.



Specification

Product Description

Labeled FISH probes for identification of gene split using Fluorescent In Situ Hybridization Technique. ([Technology](#)).

Probe 1	Name: FGFR1 Size: Approximately 510kb Fluorophore: TexRed Location: 8p12
Probe 2	Name: FGFR1 Size: Approximately 810kb Fluorophore: FITC Location: 8p12
Probe Gap	The gap between two probes is approximately 100 kb.
Origin	Human
Source	Genomic DNA
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Notice	We strongly recommend the customer to use FFPE FISH PreTreatment Kit 1 (Catalog #: KA2375 or KA2691) for the pretreatment of Formalin-Fixed Paraffin-Embedded (FFPE) tissue sections.
Regulation Status	For research use only (RUO)
Quality Control Testing	Representative images of normal human cell (lymphocyte) stain with the dual color FISH probe. The left image is chromosomes at metaphase, and the right image is an interphase nucleus.
Supplied Product	DAPI Counterstain (1500 ng/mL) 125 uL for each 100 uL FISH Probe
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C in the dark.
Note	

Applications

- Fluorescent In Situ Hybridization (Cell)

[Protocol Download](#)

- Fluorescent *In Situ* Hybridization (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Human lung cancer (FFPE) stained with FGFR1 Split FISH Probe. Human lung cancer showed FGFR1 gene split.

[Protocol Download](#)

Gene Info — FGFR1

Entrez GeneID	2260
Gene Name	FGFR1
Gene Alias	BFGFR, CD331, CEK, FGFBR, FLG, FLJ99988, FLT2, HBGFR, KAL2, N-SAM
Gene Description	fibroblast growth factor receptor 1
Omim ID	101600 123150 136350 147950
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the fibroblast growth factor receptor (FGFR) family, where amino acid sequence is highly conserved between members and throughout evolution. FGFR family members differ from one another in their ligand affinities and tissue distribution. A full-length representative protein consists of an extracellular region, composed of three immunoglobulin-like domains, a single hydrophobic membrane-spanning segment and a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain. The extracellular portion of the protein interacts with fibroblast growth factors, setting in motion a cascade of downstream signals, ultimately influencing mitogenesis and differentiation. This particular family member binds both acidic and basic fibroblast growth factors and is involved in limb induction. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Pfeiffer syndrome, Jackson-Weiss syndrome, Antley-Bixler syndrome, osteoglophonic dysplasia, and autosomal dominant Kallmann syndrome 2. Chromosomal aberrations involving this gene are associated with stem cell myeloproliferative disorder and stem cell leukemia lymphoma syndrome. Alternatively spliced variants which encode different protein isoforms have been described; however, not all variants have been fully characterized. [provided by RefSeq]
Other Designations	FMS-like tyrosine kinase 2 OTTHUMP00000190874 OTTHUMP00000190878 OTTHUMP00000190879 OTTHUMP00000190881 basic fibroblast growth factor receptor 1 fms-related tyrosine kinase 2 fms-related tyrosine kinase-2 heparin-binding growth factor receptor hydroxyaryl

Pathway

- [Adherens junction](#)
- [MAPK signaling pathway](#)
- [Melanoma](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Regulation of actin cytoskeleton](#)

Disease

- [Abnormalities](#)
- [Acrocephalosyndactylia](#)
- [Alzheimer disease](#)
- [Amenorrhea](#)
- [Anodontia](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Bronchial Hyperreactivity](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Chromosome Aberrations](#)
- [Chromosome Disorders](#)
- [Cleft Lip](#)
- [Cleft Palate](#)
- [Craniofacial Dysostosis](#)
- [Craniosynostoses](#)
- [Diabetes Complications](#)
- [Fractures](#)
- [Genetic Diseases](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Hypersensitivity](#)
- [Hypogonadism](#)
- [Kallmann Syndrome](#)
- [Metabolic Syndrome X](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Obesity](#)
- [Osteoporosis](#)
- [Ovarian Failure](#)

- [Polycystic Ovary Syndrome](#)
- [Puberty](#)
- [Schizophrenia](#)
- [Sleep Apnea](#)
- [Thrombophilia](#)
- [Thyroid Neoplasms](#)
- [Tobacco Use Disorder](#)
- [Tooth Abnormalities](#)