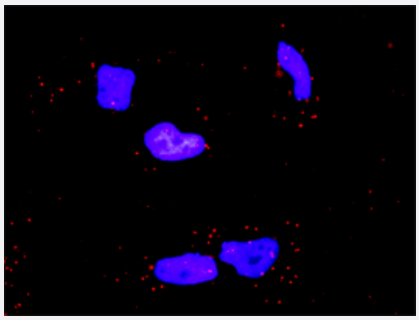
RICTOR & AKT1 Protein Protein Interaction Antibody Pair

Catalog # DI0520 Size 1 Set

Applications



Representative image of Proximity Ligation Assay of protein-protein interactions between RICTOR and AKT1. HeLa cells were stained with anti-RICTOR rabbit purified polyclonal antibody 1:1200 and anti-AKT1 mouse monoclonal antibody 1:50. Each red dot represents the detection of protein-protein interaction complex. The images were analyzed using an optimized freeware (BlobFinder) download from The Centre for Image Analysis at Uppsala University.

Specification

Product Description	This protein protein interaction antibody pair set comes with two antibodies to detect the protein-protein interaction, one against the RICTOR protein, and the other against the AKT1 protein for use in *in situ* Proximity Ligation Assay. See Publication Reference below.
Reactivity	Human
Quality Control Testing	Protein protein interaction immunofluorescence result. Representative image of Proximity Ligation Assay of protein-protein interactions between RICTOR and AKT1. HeLa cells were stained with anti-RICTOR rabbit purified polyclonal antibody 1:1200 and anti-AKT1 mouse monoclonal antibody 1:50. Each red dot represents the detection of protein-protein interaction complex. The images were analyzed using an optimized freeware (BlobFinder) download from The Centre for Image Analysis at Uppsala University.
Supplied Products	Antibody pair set content: 1. RICTOR rabbit purified polyclonal antibody (100 ug) 2. AKT1 mouse monoclonal antibody (40 ug) *Reagents are sufficient for at least 30-50 assays using recommended protocols.
Storage Instruction	Store reagents of the antibody pair set at -20°C or lower. Please aliquot to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycle. Reagents should be returned to -20°C storage immediately after use.

Applications

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- *In situ* Proximity Ligation Assay (Cell)

Gene Info — AKT1

Entrez GeneID	207
Gene Name	AKT1
Gene Alias	AKT, MGC99656, PKB, PKB-ALPHA, PRKBA, RAC, RAC-ALPHA
Gene Description	v-akt murine thymoma viral oncogene homolog 1
Omim ID	164730 181500
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	The serine-threonine protein kinase encoded by the AKT1 gene is catalytically inactive in serum-starved primary and immortalized fibroblasts. AKT1 and the related AKT2 are activated by platelet-derived growth factor. The activation is rapid and specific, and it is abrogated by mutations in the pleckstrin homology domain of AKT1. It was shown that the activation occurs through phosphatidyl inositol 3-kinase. In the developing nervous system AKT is a critical mediator of growth factor-induced neuronal survival. Survival factors can suppress apoptosis in a transcription-independent manner by activating the serine/threonine kinase AKT1, which then phosphorylates and inactivates components of the apoptotic machinery. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	RAC-alpha serine/threonine-protein kinase|murine thymoma viral (v-akt) oncogene homolog-1|protein kinase B|rac protein kinase alpha

Gene Info — RICTOR

Entrez GeneID	253260
Gene Name	RICTOR
Gene Alias	DKFZp686B11164, KIAA1999, MGC39830, mAVO3
Gene Description	rapamycin-insensitive companion of mTOR
Omim ID	609022
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	RICTOR and MTOR (FRAP1; MIM 601231) are components of a protein complex that integrates nutrient- and growth factor-derived signals to regulate cell growth (Sarbassov et al., 2004 [PubMed 15268862]).[supplied by OMIM

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Other Designations	TORC2-specific protein AVO3|pianissimo

Pathway

- Acute myeloid leukemia
- Adipocytokine signaling pathway
- Apoptosis
- B cell receptor signaling pathway
- Chemokine signaling pathway
- Chronic myeloid leukemia
- Colorectal cancer
- Endometrial cancer
- ErbB signaling pathway
- Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway
- Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis
- Focal adhesion
- Glioma
- Insulin signaling pathway
- Jak-STAT signaling pathway
- MAPK signaling pathway
- Melanoma
- mTOR signaling pathway
- mTOR signaling pathway
- Neurotrophin signaling pathway
- Non-small cell lung cancer
- Pancreatic cancer
- Pathways in cancer

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- Prostate cancer
- Renal cell carcinoma
- Small cell lung cancer
- T cell receptor signaling pathway
- Tight junction
- Toll-like receptor signaling pathway
- VEGF signaling pathway

Disease

- Adenocarcinoma
- Alzheimer disease
- Amphetamine-Related Disorders
- Atherosclerosis
- Basal Ganglia Diseases
- Bipolar Disorder
- Breast Neoplasms
- Calcinosis
- Carcinoma
- Cardiovascular Diseases
- Cognition
- Colonic Neoplasms
- Colorectal Neoplasms
- Coronary Artery Disease
- Depressive Disorder
- Diabetes Complications
- Diabetes Mellitus

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- Disease Progression
- Disease Susceptibility
- Dominance
- Drug Toxicity
- Dyskinesia
- Edema
- Endometrial Neoplasms
- Endometriosis
- Esophageal Neoplasms
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Head and Neck Neoplasms
- HIV Infections
- Leukemia
- Liver Cirrhosis
- Lung Neoplasms
- Memory
- Metabolic Syndrome X
- Necrosis
- Neoplasm Metastasis
- Neoplasm Recurrence
- Neoplasm Recurrence
- Neoplasms
- Neoplasms
- Neuropsychological Tests
- Obesity
- Osteoporosis

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- Ovarian Failure
- Ovarian Neoplasms
- Parkinson disease
- Polycystic Ovary Syndrome
- Precursor T-Cell Lymphoblastic Leukemia-Lymphoma
- Prostatic Neoplasms
- Psychiatric Status Rating Scales
- Psychoses
- Psychotic Disorders
- Puberty
- Pulmonary Disease
- Rectal Neoplasms
- Retinal Neoplasms
- Retinoblastoma
- Schizophrenia
- Space Perception
- Thrombophilia
- Thyroid Neoplasms
- Tobacco Use Disorder
- Tuberculosis
- Urinary Bladder Neoplasms
- Verbal Learning
- Werner syndrome

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