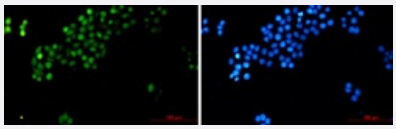
RecomAb™

MYC recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone R05-5E2

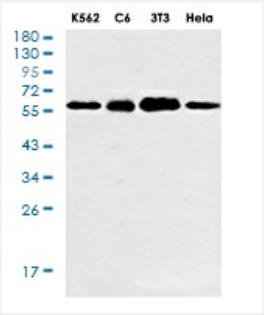
Catalog # RAB01285 Size 100 uL

Applications



Immunocytochemistry

Immunocytochemistry analysis of c-Myc (green) in Hela using c-Myc antibody,and DAPI(blue).



Western Blot

Western blot analysis of c-Myc in K562, C6, 3T3, Hela lysates using c-Myc antibody.

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit recombinant monoclonal antibody raised against human MYC.
Antibody Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	Original antibody is raised against recombinant protein corresponding to human c-Myc.
Theoretical MW (kDa)	Calculated MW: 49 kD
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid

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Preparation Method	Mammalian cell (CHO) expression system
Purification	Affinity purification
Isotype	IgG
Recommend Usage	Immunocytochemistry Immunofluorescence Immunoprecipitation Western Blot The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In 50 mM Tris-Glycine pH 7.4 (0.15 M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% Sodium azide and 0.05% BSA).
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C. For longer storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

- Immunofluorescence
- Immunocytochemistry

  Immunocytochemistry analysis of c-Myc (green) in Hela using c-Myc antibody,and DAPI(blue).
- Immunoprecipitation
- Western Blot

  Western blot analysis of c-Myc in K562, C6, 3T3, Hela lysates using c-Myc antibody.

Gene Info — MYC

Entrez GeneID	4609
Protein Accession#	P01106
Gene Name	MYC
Gene Alias	bHLHe39, c-Myc
Gene Description	v-myc myelocytomatosis viral oncogene homolog (avian)

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Omim ID	113970 190080
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a multifunctional, nuclear phosphoprotein that plays a role in c ell cycle progression, apoptosis and cellular transformation. It functions as a transcription factor th at regulates transcription of specific target genes. Mutations, overexpression, rearrangement and translocation of this gene have been associated with a variety of hematopoietic tumors, leukemia s and lymphomas, including Burkitt lymphoma. There is evidence to show that alternative translati on initiations from an upstream, in-frame non-AUG (CUG) and a downstream AUG start site result in the production of two isoforms with distinct N-termini. The synthesis of non-AUG initiated protei n is suppressed in Burkitt's lymphomas, suggesting its importance in the normal function of this ge ne. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	avian myelocytomatosis viral oncogene homolog|myc proto-oncogene protein|v-myc avian myeloc ytomatosis viral oncogene homolog

Pathway

- Acute myeloid leukemia
- Bladder cancer
- Cell cycle
- Chronic myeloid leukemia
- Colorectal cancer
- Endometrial cancer
- ErbB signaling pathway
- Jak-STAT signaling pathway
- MAPK signaling pathway
- Pathways in cancer
- Small cell lung cancer
- TGF-beta signaling pathway
- Thyroid cancer
- Wnt signaling pathway

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Disease

- Alzheimer disease
- Breast cancer
- Breast Neoplasms
- Carcinoma
- Cardiovascular Diseases
- Chromosome Aberrations
- Colorectal Neoplasms
- Diabetes Complications
- Disease Progression
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Helicobacter Infections
- Hematologic Diseases
- Hodgkin Disease
- Kidney Failure
- Lung Neoplasms
- Lymphoma
- Lymphoproliferative Disorders
- Metabolic Syndrome X
- Mouth Neoplasms
- Neoplasm Metastasis
- Neoplasms
- Occupational Diseases
- Osteoporosis
- Ovarian cancer

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- Ovarian Neoplasms
- Prostate cancer
- Prostatic Neoplasms
- Pulmonary Disease
- Stomach Neoplasms
- Thyroid Diseases
- Thyroid Neoplasms
- Translocation
- Urinary Bladder Neoplasms
- Waldenstrom Macroglobulinemia
- Werner syndrome

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