



# B2m (Rat) ELISA Kit

Catalog Number KA2021

96 assays

Version: 06

Intended for research use only

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## **Introduction**

### **Intended Use**

The B2m (Rat) ELISA Kit is a highly sensitive two-site enzyme-linked immunoassay (ELISA) for measuring Beta 2-Microglobulin in biological fluids of Rat.

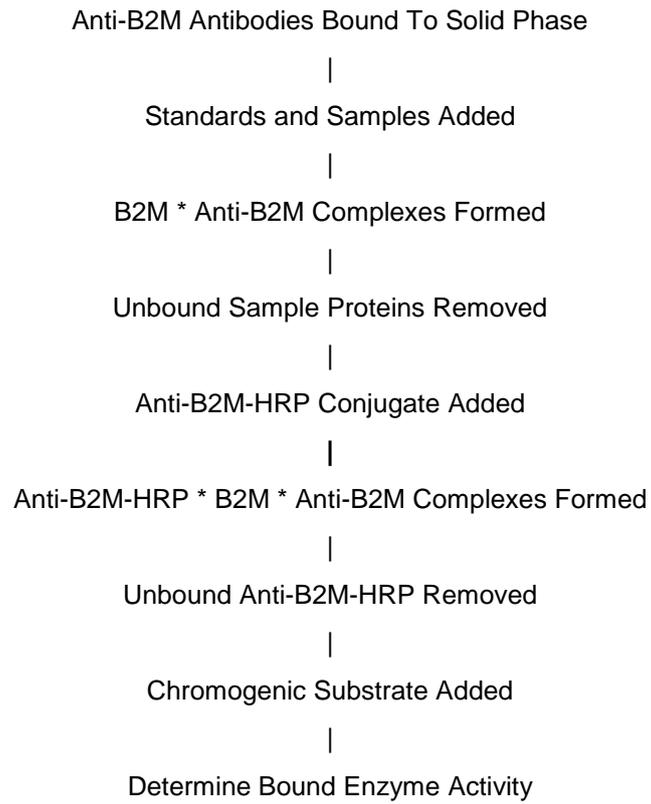
### **Background**

Beta 2-Microglobulin (B2M) is an 11 kDa protein. It forms the subunit of the MHC class I molecule and associates with the outer membrane of many cells including lymphocytes. It is present in low levels in serum and urine of normal people, but at a higher concentration in persons with renal diseases, kidney transplants and various other inflammatory and infectious conditions.

### **Principle of the Assay**

The principle of the double antibody sandwich ELISA is represented in Figure 1. In this assay the B2M present in the samples reacts with the anti-B2M antibodies which have been adsorbed to the surface of polystyrene microtiter wells. After the removal of unbound proteins by washing, anti-B2M antibodies conjugated with horseradish peroxidase (HRP) are added. These enzyme-labeled antibodies form complexes with the previously bound B2M. Following another washing step, the enzyme bound to the immunosorbent is assayed by the addition of a chromogenic substrate, 3,3',5,5'- tetramethylbenzidine (TMB). The quantity of bound enzyme varies directly with the concentration of B2M in the sample tested; thus, the absorbance, at 450 nm, is a measure of the concentration of B2M in the test sample. The quantity of B2M in the test sample can be interpolated from the standard curve constructed from the standards, and corrected for sample dilution.

**Figure 1.**



## General Information

### Materials Supplied

List of component

Component	Amount
Diluent Concentrate (Running Buffer): One bottle containing a 20X concentrated diluent running buffer	50 mL
Wash Solution Concentrate: One bottle containing a 20X concentrated wash solution.	50 mL
Enzyme-Antibody Conjugate 100X: One vial containing affinity purified anti-Rat B2M antibody conjugated with horseradish peroxidase in a stabilizing buffer	150 $\mu$ L
Chromogen-Substrate Solution: One vial containing 3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) and hydrogen peroxide in citric acid buffer at pH 3.3.	12 mL
Stop Solution: One vial containing 0.3 M sulfuric acid. WARNING: Avoid contact with skin.	12 mL
Anti-Rat B2M ELISA Micro Plate: Twelve removable eight (8) well micro well strips in well holder frame. Each well is coated with affinity purified anti-Rat B2M.	96 wells
Rat B2M Calibrator: One vial containing a lyophilized Rat B2M calibrator.	1 vial

### Storage Instruction

The expiration date for the package is stated on the box label.

1. Diluent

The 20X Diluent Concentrate is stable until the expiration date. The 1X working solution is stable for at least one week from the date of preparation. Both solutions should be stored at 4-8°C.

2. Wash Solution

The 20X Wash Solution Concentrate is stable until the expiration date. The 1X working solution is stable for at least one week from the date of preparation. Both solutions can be stored at room temperature (16-25°C) or at 4-8°C.

3. Enzyme-Antibody Conjugate

Undiluted horseradish peroxidase anti-B2M conjugate should be stored at 4-8°C and diluted immediately prior to use. The working conjugate solution is stable for up to 1 hour when stored in the dark.

4. Chromogen-Substrate Solution

The Substrate Solution should be stored at 4-8°C and is stable until the expiration date.

5. Stop Solution

The Stop Solution should be stored at 4-8°C and is stable until the expiration date

6. Anti-Rat B2M ELISA Micro Plate

Anti-Rat B2M coated wells are stable until the expiration date, and should be stored at 4-8°C in the sealed foil pouch with desiccant pack.

## 7. Rat B2M Calibrator

The lyophilized Rat B2M calibrator should be stored at 4°C or frozen until reconstituted. The reconstituted calibrator should be aliquoted out and stored frozen (avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles). The working standard solutions should be prepared immediately prior to use and are stable for up to 8 hours.

### **Materials Required but Not Supplied**

- ✓ Precision pipettes (2 µL to 200 µL) for making and dispensing dilutions
- ✓ Test tubes
- ✓ Microtitre washer/aspirator
- ✓ Distilled or Deionized H<sub>2</sub>O
- ✓ Microtitre plate reader
- ✓ Assorted glassware for the preparation of reagents and buffer solutions
- ✓ Timer

### **Precautions for Use**

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Purposes.

Please Read this Package Insert Completely Before Using This Product.

- ✓ Precautions
  - For any sample that might contain pathogens, care must be taken to prevent contact with open wounds.
- ✓ Additives and Preservatives
  - No additives or preservatives are necessary to maintain the integrity of the specimen. Avoid azide contamination.
- ✓ Known interfering substances
  - Azide and thimerosal at concentrations higher than 0.1% inhibits the enzyme reaction.
- ✓ Limitation of the procedure
  - Reliable and reproducible results will be obtained when the assay procedure is carried out with a complete understanding of the information contained in the package insert instructions and with adherence to good laboratory practice.
  - Factors that might affect the performance of the assay include proper instrument function, cleanliness of glassware, quality of distilled or deionized water, and accuracy of reagent and sample pipettings, washing technique, incubation time or temperature.
  - Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or sources.

## Assay Protocol

### Reagent Preparation

- ✓ Diluent Concentrate  
The Diluent solution supplied is a 20X Concentrate and must be diluted 1/20 with distilled or deionized water (1 part buffer concentrate, 19 parts dH<sub>2</sub>O).
- ✓ Wash Solution Concentrate  
The Wash Solution supplied is a 20X concentrate and must be diluted 1/20 with distilled or deionized water (1 part buffer concentrate, 19 parts dH<sub>2</sub>O). Crystal formation in the concentrate is not uncommon when storage temperatures are low. Warming of the concentrate to 30-35°C before dilution can dissolve crystals.
- ✓ Enzyme-Antibody Conjugate  
Calculate the required amount of working conjugate solution for each microtiter plate test strip by adding 10 µL Enzyme-Antibody Conjugate to 990 µL of 1X Diluent for each test strip to be used for testing. Mix uniformly, but gently. Avoid foaming.
- ✓ Chromogen-Substrate Solution  
Ready to use as supplied.
- ✓ Stop Solution  
Ready to use as supplied.
- ✓ Anti-Rat B2M ELISA Micro Plate  
Ready to use as supplied. Unseal Microtiter Pouch and remove plate from pouch. Remove all strips and wells that will not be used in the assay and place back in pouch and re-seal along with desiccant.
- ✓ Rat B2M Calibrator  
Add 1.0 mL of distilled or de-ionized water to the Rat Beta 2-Microglobulin Calibrator and mix gently until dissolved. The calibrator is now at a concentration of 290.0 ng/mL. (the reconstituted calibrator should be aliquoted and frozen if future use is intended). Rat B2M standards need to be prepared immediately prior to use (see chart below). Mix well between each step. Avoid foaming.

Standard	ng/mL	Volume added to 1X Diluent	Volume of 1X Diluent
6	5	15 µL Rat B2M Calibrator	855 µL
5	2.5	300 µL standard 6	300 µL
4	1.25	300 µL standard 5	300 µL
3	0.63	300 µL standard 4	300 µL
2	0.31	300 µL standard 3	300 µL
1	0.16	300 µL standard 2	300 µL
0	0		600 µL

## **Sample Preparation**

### ✓ Specimen Collection and Handling

Blood should be collected by venipuncture. The serum should be separated from the cells after clot formation by centrifugation. For plasma samples, blood should be collected into a container with an anticoagulant and then centrifuged. Care should be taken to minimize hemolysis, excessive hemolysis can impact your results. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Avoid repeated freezing-thaw cycle.

### ✓ Dilution of Samples

The assay for quantification of B2M requires that each test sample be diluted before use. A 1/40 dilution is appropriate for most urine samples. For a single step determination a dilution of serum/plasma at 1/1000 is appropriate for most samples. For absolute quantification, samples that yield results outside the range of the standard curve, a lesser or greater dilution might be required. If unsure of sample level, a serial dilution with one or two representative samples before running the entire plate is highly recommended.

- To prepare a 1/1000 dilution of sample, transfer 2  $\mu\text{L}$  of sample to 1,998  $\mu\text{L}$  of 1X diluent. This gives you a 1/1000 dilution of your sample. Mix thoroughly.
- To prepare a 1/40 dilution of sample, transfer 10  $\mu\text{L}$  of sample to 390  $\mu\text{L}$  of 1X diluent. This gives you a 1/40 dilution of your sample. Mix thoroughly.

## **Assay Procedure**

1. Bring all reagents to room temperature before use.
2. Pipette 100  $\mu\text{L}$  of
  - Standard 0 (0.0 ng/mL) in duplicate
  - Standard 1 (0.16 ng/mL) in duplicate
  - Standard 2 (0.31 ng/mL) in duplicate
  - Standard 3 (0.63 ng/mL) in duplicate
  - Standard 4 (1.25 ng/mL) in duplicate
  - Standard 5 (2.5 ng/mL) in duplicate
  - Standard 6 (5 ng/mL) in duplicate
3. Pipette 100  $\mu\text{L}$  of sample (in duplicate) into predesignated wells.
4. Incubate the micro titer plate at room temperature for sixty ( $60 \pm 2$ ) minutes. Keep plate covered and level during incubation.
5. Following incubation, aspirate the contents of the wells.
6. Completely fill each well with appropriately diluted Wash Solution and aspirate. Repeat three times, for a total of four washes. If washing manually: completely fill wells with wash buffer, invert the plate then pour/shake out the contents in a waste container. Follow this by sharply striking the wells on absorbent

paper to remove residual buffer. Repeat 3 times for a total of four washes.

7. Pipette 100  $\mu$ L of appropriately diluted Enzyme-Antibody Conjugate to each well. Incubate at room temperature for twenty ( $20 \pm 2$ ) minutes. Keep plate covered in the dark and level during incubation.
8. Wash and blot the wells as described in Steps 5/6.
9. Pipette 100  $\mu$ L of TMB Substrate Solution into each well.
10. Incubate in the dark at room temperature for precisely ten (10) minutes.
11. After ten minutes, add 100  $\mu$ L of Stop Solution to each well.
12. Determine the absorbance at 450 nm of the contents of each well. Calibrate the plate reader to manufacture's specifications.

✓ **Stability of the final reaction mixture**

The absorbance of the final reaction mixture can be measured up to 2 hours after the addition of the Stop Solution. However, good laboratory practice dictates that the measurement be made as soon as possible.

## Data Analysis

### Calculation of Results

1. Subtract the average background value from the test values for each sample.
2. Using the results observed for the standards construct a Standard curve. The appropriate curve fit is that of a four-parameter logistics curve. A second order polynomial (quadratic) or other curve fits may also be used.
3. Interpolate test sample values from the standard curve. Correct for sera dilution factor to arrive at the B2M concentration in original sample.

### Performance characteristics

- ✓ Indications of instability  
If the test is performing correctly, the results observed with the standard solutions should be within 20% of the expected values.

**Resources**

**Plate Layout**

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