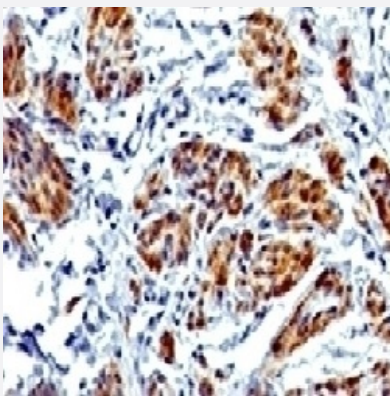


RecomAb™

CALD1 recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone RMCDN1-1

Catalog # RAB03787 Size 100 ug

Applications



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) of human uterus with anti-CAD recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone RMCDN1-1 (Cat # RAB03787).

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit recombinant monoclonal antibody raised against recombinant full length human CALD1 protein.
Antibody Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	Original antibody is raised against recombinant protein corresponding to recombinant full length human CALD1 protein
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Purification	Protein A affinity chromatography
Concentration	0.2 mg/mL
Isotype	IgG

Recommend Usage	Immunofluorescence (0.5-1 ug/mL) Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) (0.5-1 ug/mL for 30 min at RT) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS, 0.1 mg/ml BSA, 0.05% sodium azide
Storage Instruction	Store at 2~8°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	Optimal dilutions for each application to be determined by the researcher

Applications

- Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) of human uterus with anti-CAD recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone RMCDN1-1 (Cat # RAB03787).

- Immunofluorescence

Gene Info — CALD1

Entrez GeneID	800
Protein Accession#	Q05682
Gene Name	CALD1
Gene Alias	CDM, H-CAD, L-CAD, MGC21352, NAG22
Gene Description	caldesmon 1
Omim ID	114213
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	This gene encodes a calmodulin- and actin-binding protein that plays an essential role in the regulation of smooth muscle and nonmuscle contraction. The conserved domain of this protein possesses the binding activities to Ca(2+)-calmodulin, actin, tropomyosin, myosin, and phospholipids. This protein is a potent inhibitor of the actin-tropomyosin activated myosin MgATPase, and serves as a mediating factor for Ca(2+)-dependent inhibition of smooth muscle contraction. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms. [provided by RefSeq]
Other Designations	-

Pathway

- [Vascular smooth muscle contraction](#)

Disease

- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Diabetic Nephropathies](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Tobacco Use Disorder](#)