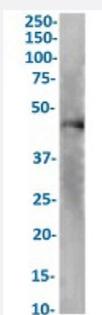


RecomAb™

## CXCR1 recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone SE2

Catalog # RAB03594      Size 200 ug

### Applications



#### Western Blot

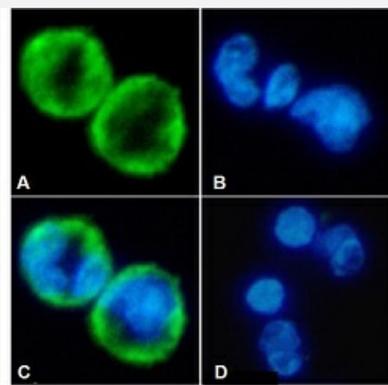
Western blot analysis of human lymph node tissue with CXCR1 recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone SE2 (Cat # RAB03594).

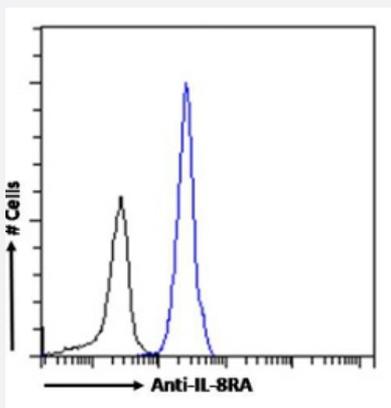
Western Blot analysis the human lymph node tissue lysates (35ug protein in RIPA buffer) were resolved on a SDS PAGE gel and blots were probed with the chimeric r version of RAB03594 at 0.1 ug/mL before detection using an anti-rondary antibody. A primary incubation of 1h was used and protein was detected by chemiluminescence.

#### Immunofluorescence

Immunofluorescent staining of human peripheral blood leukocytes (PBL) with CXCR1 recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone SE2 (Cat # RAB03594). Immunofluorescence analysis of paraformaldehyde fixed human PBL cells on Shi-fix™ coverslips stained with the chimeric r version of RAB03594 at 10 ug/mL for 1h followed by Alexa Fluor® 488 secondary antibody (2 ug/mL), showing membrane staining. The nuclear stain is DAPI (blue). The isotype control was an unknown specificity antibody followed by staining with Alexa Fluor® 488 secondary antibody.

- (A) RAB03594
- (B) DAPI
- (C) Merged channels
- (D) Isotype control





## Flow Cytometry

Flow cytometric analysis of human peripheral blood monocytes (PBM) with CXCR1 recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone SE2 (Cat # RAB03594). Paraformaldehyde fixed human PBMCs cells were stained with anti-unknown specificity antibody (isotype control-black line) or the r version of RAB03594 (blue line) at a dilution of 1:100 for 1h at RT. After washing the bound antibody was detected using a goat anti-r AlexaFluor® 488 antibody at a dilution of 1:1000 and cells analyzed using a FACSCanto flow-cytometer.

## Specification

<b>Product Description</b>	Rabbit recombinant monoclonal antibody raised against human CXCR1.
<b>Antibody Species</b>	Rabbit
<b>Immunogen</b>	Original antibody is raised against a BSA-conjugated peptide comprising of the N-terminal part of IL-8RA (amino acids 1-30).
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Recommend Usage</b>	Flow Cytometry Immunofluorescence Immunohistochemistry Western Blot The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
<b>Storage Buffer</b>	In PBS (0.02% Proclin 300)
<b>Storage Instruction</b>	Store at 4°C for 3 months. For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

## Applications

- Western Blot

Western blot analysis of human lymph node tissue with CXCR1 recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone SE2 (Cat # RAB03594).

Western Blot analysis the human lymph node tissue lysates (35ug protein in RIPA buffer) were resolved on a SDS PAGE gel and blots were probed with the chimeric r version of RAB03594 at 0.1 ug/mL before detection using an anti-rondary antibody. A primary incubation of 1h was used and protein was detected by chemiluminescence.

- Immunohistochemistry

- Immunofluorescence

Immunofluorescent staining of human peripheral blood leukocytes (PBL) with CXCR1 recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone SE2 (Cat # RAB03594).

Immunofluorescence analysis of paraformaldehyde fixed human PBL cells on Shi-fix™ coverslips stained with the chimeric r version of RAB03594 at 10 ug/mL for 1h followed by Alexa Fluor® 488 secondary antibody (2 ug/mL), showing membrane staining. The nuclear stain is DAPI (blue). The isotype control was an unknown specificity antibody followed by staining with Alexa Fluor® 488 secondary antibody.

(A) RAB03594

(B) DAPI

(C) Merged channels

(D) Isotype control

- Flow Cytometry

Flow cytometric analysis of human peripheral blood monocytes (PBM) with CXCR1 recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone SE2 (Cat # RAB03594).

Paraformaldehyde fixed human PBMCs cells were stained with anti-unknown specificity antibody (isotype control-black line) or the r version of RAB03594 (blue line) at a dilution of 1:100 for 1h at RT. After washing the bound antibody was detected using a goat anti-r AlexaFluor® 488 antibody at a dilution of 1:1000 and cells analyzed using a FACSCanto flow-cytometer.

## Gene Info — CXCR1

<b>Entrez GeneID</b>	<a href="#">3577</a>
<b>Gene Name</b>	CXCR1
<b>Gene Alias</b>	C-C, C-C-CKR-1, CD128, CD181, CDw128a, CKR-1, CMKAR1, IL8R1, IL8RA, IL8RBA
<b>Gene Description</b>	chemokine (C-X-C motif) receptor 1
<b>Omim ID</b>	<a href="#">146929 609423</a>
<b>Gene Ontology</b>	<a href="#">Hyperlink</a>

**Gene Summary**

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the G-protein-coupled receptor family. This protein is a receptor for interleukin 8 (IL8). It binds to IL8 with high affinity, and transduces the signal through a G-protein activated second messenger system. Knockout studies in mice suggested that this protein inhibits embryonic oligodendrocyte precursor migration in developing spinal cord. This gene, IL8RB, a gene encoding another high affinity IL8 receptor, as well as IL8RBP, a pseudogene of IL8RB, form a gene cluster in a region mapped to chromosome 2q33-q36. [provided by RefSeq]

**Other Designations**

receptor[alpha]interleukin-8 receptor type 1|interleukin-8 receptor type A

## Pathway

- [Chemokine signaling pathway](#)
- [Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction](#)
- [Endocytosis](#)
- [Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection](#)

## Disease

- [Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome](#)
- [Acute Disease](#)
- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Asthma](#)
- [Bacteriuria](#)
- [Biliary Tract Neoplasms](#)
- [Birth Weight](#)
- [Bronchiectasis](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Chorioamnionitis](#)
- [Colitis](#)
- [Connective Tissue Diseases](#)

- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Esophagitis](#)
- [Fetal Diseases](#)
- [Fetal Membranes](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Glioblastoma](#)
- [Glioma](#)
- [Helicobacter Infections](#)
- [Hematologic Diseases](#)
- [Hepatitis B](#)
- [Hodgkin Disease](#)
- [Infection](#)
- [Inflammation](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Leishmaniasis](#)
- [Leukemia](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Lymphoproliferative Disorders](#)
- [Meningeal Neoplasms](#)
- [Meningioma](#)
- [Mucocutaneous Lymph Node Syndrome](#)
- [Musculoskeletal Diseases](#)

- [Obstetric Labor](#)
- [Occupational Diseases](#)
- [Pain](#)
- [Papillomavirus Infections](#)
- [Pre-Eclampsia](#)
- [Pregnancy Complications](#)
- [Premature Birth](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Prostatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Pyelonephritis](#)
- [Radiation Injuries](#)
- [Radiation Pneumonitis](#)
- [Skin Diseases](#)
- [Stomach Neoplasms](#)
- [Tuberculosis](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Urinary Tract Infections](#)
- [Uterine Cervical Neoplasms](#)
- [Uveitis](#)
- [Vesico-Ureteral Reflux](#)
- [Waldenstrom Macroglobulinemia](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)