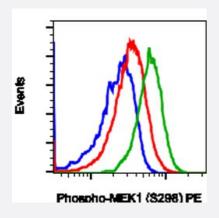


RecomAb™

MAP2K1 recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone MEK1S298-H8 (PE)

Catalog # RAB03006 Size 100 Reactions

Applications



Flow Cytometry

Flow cytometric analysis of Hela cells treated with imatinib and unstained as negative control (blue) or treated with imatinib and stained (red) or treated with pervanadate and stained (green) using Phospho-MEK1(S298) antibody MEKS298-H8 PE conjugate

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit recombinant monoclonal antibody raised against human MAP2K1.
Antibody Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	A synthetic phosphoo-peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Ser298 of human phospho ME K1
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Conjugation	PE
Purification	Protein A purification, Protein G purification
Isotype	lgG



Product Information

Recommend Usage	Flow Cytometry The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	1X PBS, 0.09% Sodium azide, 0.2% BSA
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C. Do not freeze.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

Flow Cytometry

Flow cytometric analysis of Hela cells treated with imatinib and unstained as negative control (blue) or treated with imatinib and stained (red) or treated with pervanadate and stained (green) using Phospho-MEK1(S298) antibody MEKS298-H8 PE conjugate

Gene Info — MAP2K1	
Entrez GenelD	<u>5604</u>
Protein Accession#	Q02750
Gene Name	MAP2K1
Gene Alias	MAPKK1, MEK1, MKK1, PRKMK1
Gene Description	mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase 1
Omim ID	176872
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the dual specificity protein kinase family, which acts as a mitogen-activated protein (MAP) kinase kinase. MAP kinases, also known as extracellu lar signal-regulated kinases (ERKs), act as an integration point for multiple biochemical signals. This protein kinase lies upstream of MAP kinases and stimulates the enzymatic activity of MAP kinases upon wide variety of extra- and intracellular signals. As an essential component of MAP kinase signal transduction pathway, this kinase is involved in many cellular processes such as prolifer ation, differentiation, transcription regulation and development. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	protein kinase, mitogen-activated, kinase 1 (MAP kinase kinase 1)

Pathway



- Acute myeloid leukemia
- B cell receptor signaling pathway
- Bladder cancer
- Chemokine signaling pathway
- Chronic myeloid leukemia
- Colorectal cancer
- Dorso-ventral axis formation
- Endometrial cancer
- ErbB signaling pathway
- Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway
- Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis
- Focal adhesion
- Gap junction
- Glioma
- GnRH signaling pathway
- Insulin signaling pathway
- Long-term depression
- Long-term potentiation
- MAPK signaling pathway
- Melanogenesis
- Melanoma
- Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity
- Neurotrophin signaling pathway
- Non-small cell lung cancer
- Pancreatic cancer
- Pathways in cancer



- Prion diseases
- Prostate cancer
- Regulation of actin cytoskeleton
- Renal cell carcinoma
- T cell receptor signaling pathway
- Thyroid cancer
- Toll-like receptor signaling pathway
- Vascular smooth muscle contraction
- VEGF signaling pathway

Disease

- Abnormalities
- Adenocarcinoma
- Carcinoma
- Cognition Disorders
- Developmental Disabilities
- Ectodermal Dysplasia
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Glioma
- Heart Defects
- LEOPARD Syndrome
- Lung Neoplasms
- Mental Retardation
- Noonan Syndrome
- Pancreatic Neoplasms



- Skin Abnormalities
- Syndrome