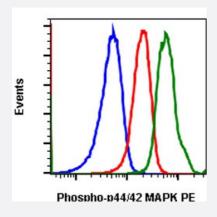


 $RecomAb^{\mathsf{TM}}$ 

# MAPK3/MAPK1 recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone ERK12T202Y204-A11 (PE)

Catalog # RAB02869 Size 100 Reactions

# **Applications**



#### Flow Cytometry

Flow cytometric analysis of Jurkat cells, treated with U0126 and unstained as negative control (blue) or treated with U0126 and stained (red) or treated with TPA and stained (green) using Phospho-p44/42 MAPK (ERK1/2) (Thr202/Tyr204) antibody, ERK1/2T202/Y204-A11 PE conjugate.

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit recombinant monoclonal antibody raised against human MAPK3 MAPK1.
Antibody Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	A synthetic phospho-peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Thr202/Tyr204 of human phosp ho Erk1/2.
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Purification	Protein A+G
Isotype	Rabbit lgG1k
Conjugation Note	PE



### **Product Information**

Recommend Usage	Flow Cytometry The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	1X PBS, 0.09% Sodium azide, 0.2% BSA
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C. Do not freeze.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

# **Applications**

#### Flow Cytometry

Flow cytometric analysis of Jurkat cells, treated with U0126 and unstained as negative control (blue) or treated with U0126 and stained (red) or treated with TPA and stained (green) using Phospho-p44/42 MAPK (ERK1/2) (Thr202/Tyr204) antibody, ERK1/2T202/Y204-A11 PE conjugate.

Gene Info — MAPK1	
Entrez GenelD	<u>5594</u>
Protein Accession#	P27361 P28482
Gene Name	MAPK1
Gene Alias	ERK, ERK2, ERT1, MAPK2, P42MAPK, PRKM1, PRKM2, p38, p40, p41, p41mapk
Gene Description	mitogen-activated protein kinase 1
Omim ID	<u>176948</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the MAP kinase family. MAP kinases, also kno wn as extracellular signal-regulated kinases (ERKs), act as an integration point for multiple bioche mical signals, and are involved in a wide variety of cellular processes such as proliferation, differe ntiation, transcription regulation and development. The activation of this kinase requires its phosp horylation by upstream kinases. Upon activation, this kinase translocates to the nucleus of the sti mulated cells, where it phosphorylates nuclear targets. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein, but differing in the UTRs, have been reported for this gene. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000174492 extracellular signal-regulated kinase 2 extracellular signal-regulated kin ase-2 mitogen-activated protein kinase 2 protein tyrosine kinase ERK2



Gene Info — MAPK3	
Entrez GenelD	<u>5595</u>
Protein Accession#	P27361 P28482
Gene Name	MAPK3
Gene Alias	ERK1, HS44KDAP, HUMKER1A, MGC20180, P44ERK1, P44MAPK, PRKM3
Gene Description	mitogen-activated protein kinase 3
Omim ID	<u>601795</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the MAP kinase family. MAP kinases, also kno wn as extracellular signal-regulated kinases (ERKs), act in a signaling cascade that regulates various cellular processes such as proliferation, differentiation, and cell cycle progression in response to a variety of extracellular signals. This kinase is activated by upstream kinases, resulting in its translocation to the nucleus where it phosphorylates nuclear targets. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different protein isoforms have been described. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000174538 OTTHUMP00000174540 extracellular signal-regulated kinase 1 extrace llular signal-related kinase 1

## Pathway

- Acute myeloid leukemia
- Acute myeloid leukemia
- Adherens junction
- Adherens junction
- Axon guidance
- Axon guidance
- B cell receptor signaling pathway
- B cell receptor signaling pathway
- Bladder cancer



- Bladder cancer
- Chemokine signaling pathway
- Chemokine signaling pathway
- Chronic myeloid leukemia
- Chronic myeloid leukemia
- Colorectal cancer
- Colorectal cancer
- Dorso-ventral axis formation
- Dorso-ventral axis formation
- Endometrial cancer
- Endometrial cancer
- ErbB signaling pathway
- ErbB signaling pathway
- Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway
- Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway
- Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis
- Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis
- Focal adhesion
- Focal adhesion
- Gap junction
- Gap junction
- Glioma
- Glioma
- GnRH signaling pathway
- GnRH signaling pathway



- Insulin signaling pathway
- Insulin signaling pathway
- Long-term depression
- Long-term depression
- Long-term potentiation
- Long-term potentiation
- MAPK signaling pathway
- MAPK signaling pathway
- Melanogenesis
- Melanogenesis
- Melanoma
- Melanoma
- mTOR signaling pathway
- mTOR signaling pathway
- Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity
- Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity
- Neurotrophin signaling pathway
- Neurotrophin signaling pathway
- Non-small cell lung cancer
- Non-small cell lung cancer
- Pancreatic cancer
- Pancreatic cancer
- Pathways in cancer
- Pathways in cancer
- Prion diseases
- Prion diseases



- Prostate cancer
- Prostate cancer
- Regulation of actin cytoskeleton
- Regulation of actin cytoskeleton
- Renal cell carcinoma
- Renal cell carcinoma
- T cell receptor signaling pathway
- T cell receptor signaling pathway
- TGF-beta signaling pathway
- TGF-beta signaling pathway
- Thyroid cancer
- Thyroid cancer
- Toll-like receptor signaling pathway
- Toll-like receptor signaling pathway
- Type II diabetes mellitus
- Type II diabetes mellitus
- Vascular smooth muscle contraction
- Vascular smooth muscle contraction
- VEGF signaling pathway
- VEGF signaling pathway

#### Disease

- Anorexia Nervosa
- Asthma
- Asthma
- Autistic Disorder



- Bulimia
- Cardiovascular Diseases
- Diabetes Mellitus
- Disease Models
- Disease Models
- Edema
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- HIV Infections
- Kidney Failure
- Narcolepsy
- Ovarian Neoplasms
- Thyroid Neoplasms