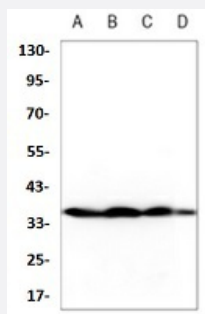


RecomAb™

MAPK14 recombinant monoclonal antibody

Catalog # RAB02601 Size 100 uL

Applications



Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western blot analysis of HeLa (A), A549 (B), MCF7 (C), U251 (D) whole cell lysates with MAPK14 recombinant monoclonal antibody (Cat # RAB02601).

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit recombinant monoclonal antibody raised against human MAPK14.
Antibody Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	Original antibody is raised against a synthetic peptide of human MAPK14.
Theoretical MW (kDa)	38
Reactivity	Human
Specificity	Recognizes endogenous levels of p38 protein.
Form	Liquid
Purification	Immunogen affinity chromatography
Isotype	IgG
Recommend Usage	Immunoprecipitation (1:10-1:50) Western Blot (1:500-1:1000)
Storage Buffer	In 50mM Tris-Glycine, pH 7.4 (0.15M NaCl, 50% Glycerol, 0.01% Sodium azide and 0.05% BSA)

Storage Instruction

Store at 4°C short term.
Aliquot and store at -20°C long term.
Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Note

This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

- Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western blot analysis of Hela (A), A549 (B), MCF7 (C), U251 (D) whole cell lysates with MAPK14 recombinant monoclonal antibody (Cat # RAB02601).

- Immunoprecipitation

Gene Info — MAPK14

Entrez GeneID[1432](#)**Protein Accession#**[Q16539](#)**Gene Name**

MAPK14

Gene Alias

CSBP1, CSBP2, CSPB1, EXIP, Mxi2, PRKM14, PRKM15, RK, SAPK2A, p38, p38ALPHA

Gene Description

mitogen-activated protein kinase 14

Omim ID[600289](#)**Gene Ontology**[Hyperlink](#)**Gene Summary**

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the MAP kinase family. MAP kinases act as an integration point for multiple biochemical signals, and are involved in a wide variety of cellular processes such as proliferation, differentiation, transcription regulation and development. This kinase is activated by various environmental stresses and proinflammatory cytokines. The activation requires its phosphorylation by MAP kinase kinases (MKKs), or its autophosphorylation triggered by the interaction of MAP3K7IP1/TAB1 protein with this kinase. The substrates of this kinase include transcription regulator ATF2, MEF2C, and MAX, cell cycle regulator CDC25B, and tumor suppressor p53, which suggest the roles of this kinase in stress related transcription and cell cycle regulation, as well as in genotoxic stress response. Four alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene encoding distinct isoforms have been reported. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations

Csaiids binding protein|MAP kinase Mxi2|MAX-interacting protein 2|cytokine suppressive anti-inflammatory drug binding protein|p38 MAP kinase|p38 mitogen activated protein kinase|p38alpha Exip|stress-activated protein kinase 2A

Pathway

- [Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis \(ALS\)](#)
- [Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection](#)
- [Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway](#)
- [GnRH signaling pathway](#)
- [Leukocyte transendothelial migration](#)
- [MAPK signaling pathway](#)
- [Neurotrophin signaling pathway](#)
- [T cell receptor signaling pathway](#)
- [Toll-like receptor signaling pathway](#)
- [VEGF signaling pathway](#)

Disease

- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Disease Models](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [HIV Infections](#)
- [Narcolepsy](#)
- [Obesity](#)
- [Ovarian Failure](#)
- [Polycystic Ovary Syndrome](#)
- [Puberty](#)
- [Schizophrenia](#)

- [Thrombophilia](#)
- [Tobacco Use Disorder](#)