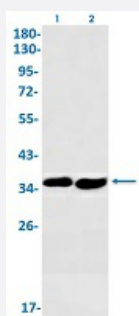


RecomAb™

SMN1 recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone R05-3B5

Catalog # RAB02258 Size 100 uL

Applications



Western Blot

Western Blot analysis of Lane 1: K562 and Lane 2: Hela lysates with SMN1 recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone R05-3B5 (Cat # RAB02258).

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit recombinant monoclonal antibody raised against human SMN1.
Antibody Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	Original antibody is raised against a synthetic peptide corresponding to human SMN1.
Theoretical MW (kDa)	Calculated MW: 32 kD
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purification
Isotype	IgG
Recommend Usage	Immunofluorescence (1:50-1:200) Western Blot (1:500-1:1000) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In 50 mM Tris-Glycine, pH 7.4 (0.15 M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% Sodium azide and 0.05% BSA)

Storage Instruction

Store at -20 °C.
Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Note

This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

- Western Blot

Western Blot analysis of Lane 1: K562 and Lane 2: Hela lysates with SMN1 recombinant monoclonal antibody, clone R05-3B5 (Cat # RAB02258).

- Immunofluorescence

Gene Info — SMN1

Entrez GeneID[6606](#)**Protein Accession#**[Q16637](#)**Gene Name**

SMN1

Gene Alias

BCD541, SMA, SMA1, SMA2, SMA3, SMA4, SMA@, SMN, SMNT, T-BCD541

Gene Description

survival of motor neuron 1, telomeric

Omim ID[253300](#) [253400](#) [253550](#) [271150](#) [600354](#)**Gene Ontology**[Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary

This gene is part of a 500 kb inverted duplication on chromosome 5q13. This duplicated region contains at least four genes and repetitive elements which make it prone to rearrangements and deletions. The repetitiveness and complexity of the sequence have also caused difficulty in determining the organization of this genomic region. The telomeric and centromeric copies of this gene are nearly identical and encode the same protein. However, mutations in this gene, the telomeric copy, are associated with spinal muscular atrophy; mutations in the centromeric copy do not lead to disease. The centromeric copy may be a modifier of disease caused by mutation in the telomeric copy. The critical sequence difference between the two genes is a single nucleotide in exon 7, which is thought to be an exon splice enhancer. Note that the nine exons of both the telomeric and centromeric copies are designated historically as exon 1, 2a, 2b, and 3-8. It is thought that gene conversion events may involve the two genes, leading to varying copy numbers of each gene. The protein encoded by this gene localizes to both the cytoplasm and the nucleus. Within the nucleus, the protein localizes to subnuclear bodies called gems which are found near coiled bodies containing high concentrations of small ribonucleoproteins (snRNPs). This protein forms heteromeric complexes with proteins such as SIP1 and GEMIN4, and also interacts with several proteins known to be involved in the biogenesis of snRNPs, such as hnRNP U protein and the small nucleolar RNA binding protein. Two transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been described. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations

OTTHUMP00000125198|gemin 1

Disease

- [Acute Disease](#)
- [Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis](#)
- [Chronic Disease](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Muscular Atrophy](#)
- [Nerve Degeneration](#)
- [Spinal Muscular Atrophies of Childhood](#)
- [Spinal muscular atrophy](#)